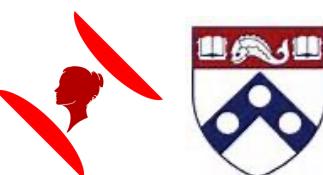




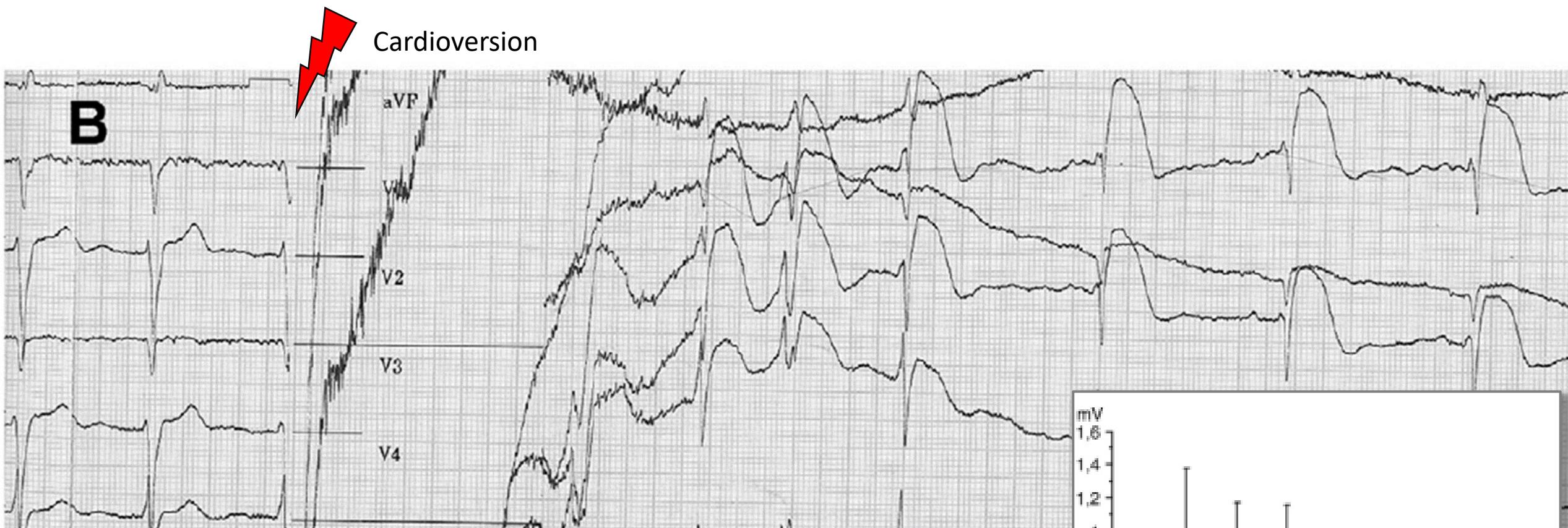
Electroporation de la fibrillation auriculaire: vers une ablation parfaite

Gabriel LATCU

Chef de Service Adjoint
Centre Hospitalier Princesse Grace
Monaco
EHRA Training Center

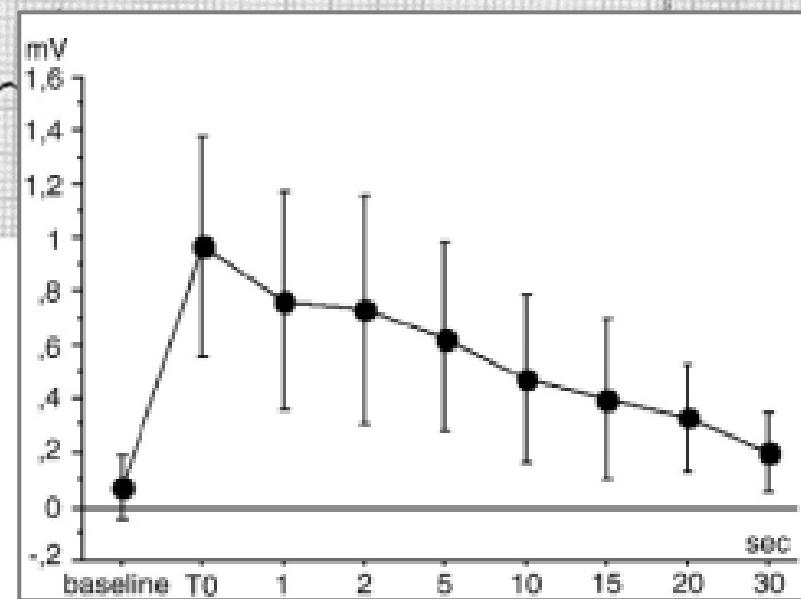


Adj Asst Professor of Medicine
Perelman School of Medicine
University of Pennsylvania



46% of patients after external DC shocks

"This sustained depolarization was suspected by Jones et al. to be caused by alterations in the electrical properties of the cellular membrane secondary to microbreaks, a phenomenon called "electroporation" which can last from a few seconds to minutes according to the model studied."

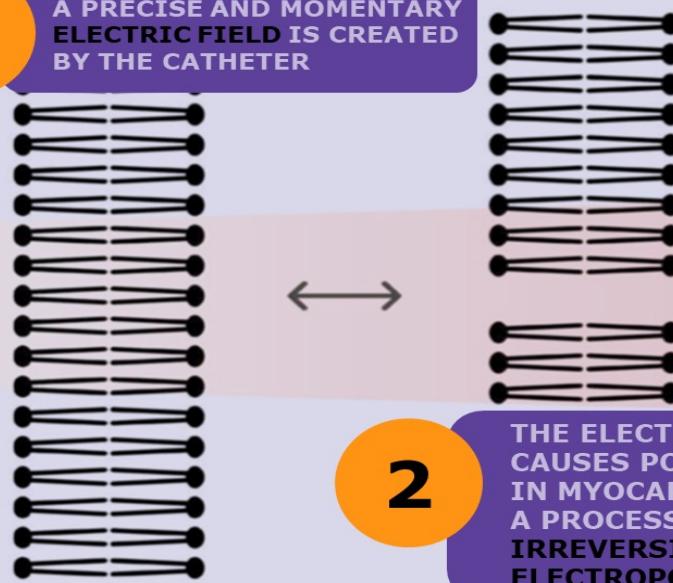




Electroporation (Pulsed Field Ablation - PFA): physiopathologie de la lesion

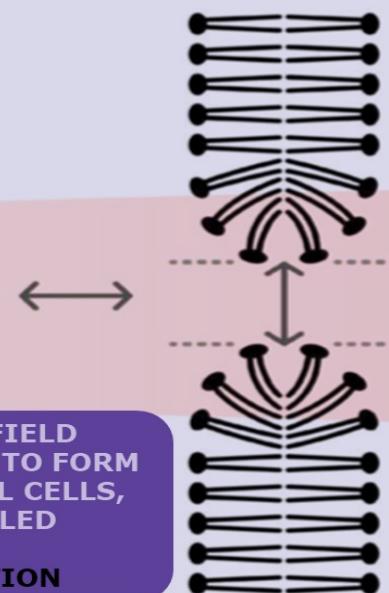
1

A PRECISE AND MOMENTARY ELECTRIC FIELD IS CREATED BY THE CATHETER



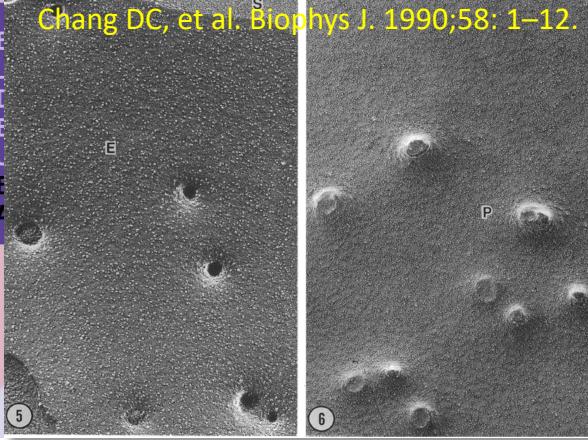
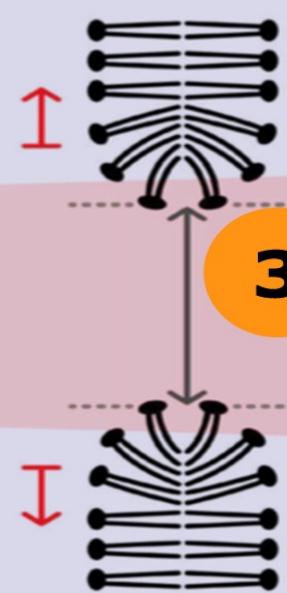
2

THE ELECTRIC FIELD CAUSES PORES TO FORM IN MYOCARDIAL CELLS, A PROCESS CALLED IRREVERSIBLE ELECTROPOORATION

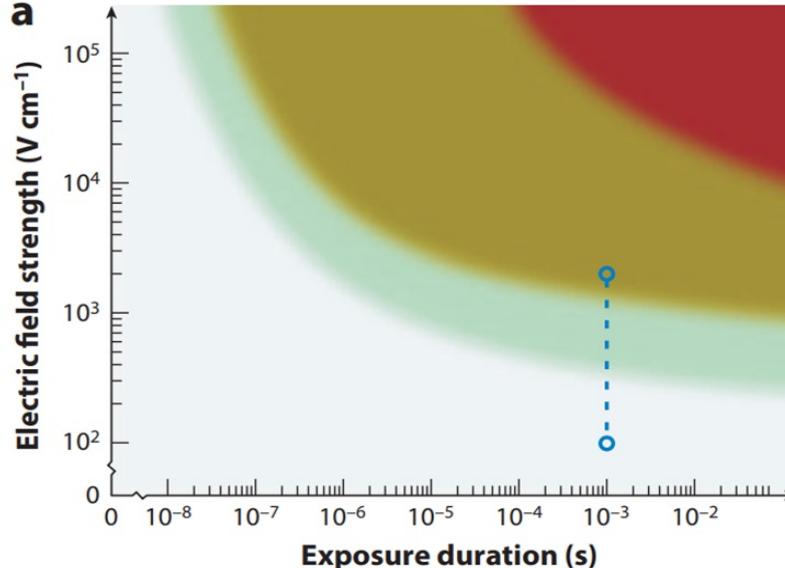


3

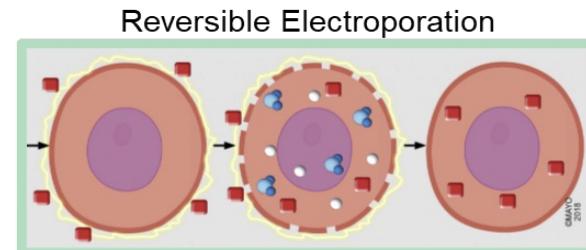
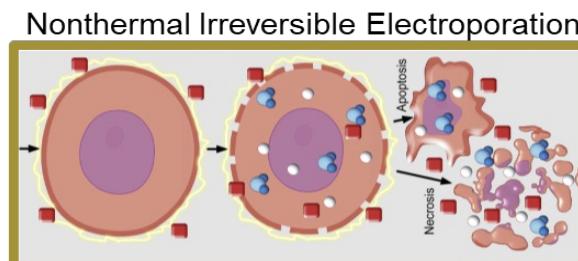
THE CELL EXIT THE CAUSE THE DEATH



a



- Irreversible electroporation and thermal effects
- Nonthermal irreversible electroporation
- Reversible electroporation
- No detectable electroporation



Yarmush et al. Annual review of biomedical engineering 16 (2014): 295-320;

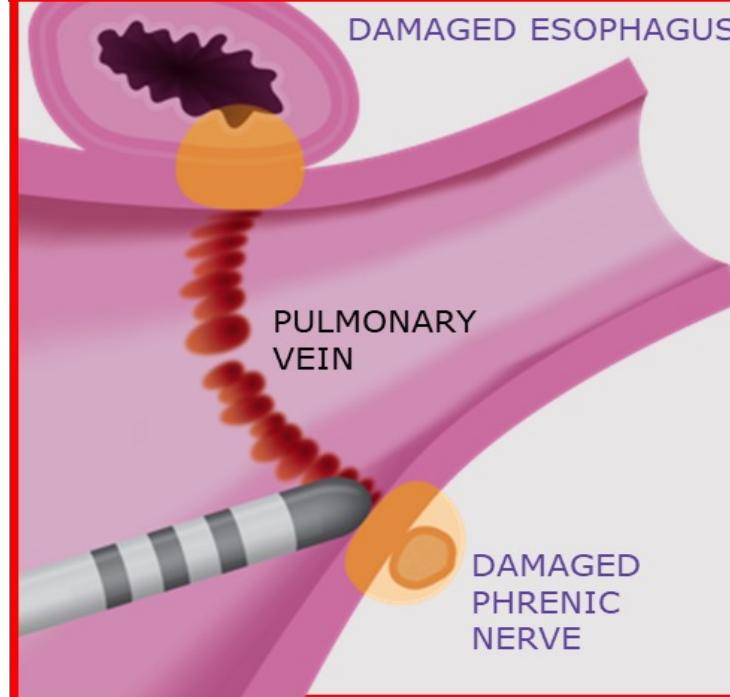
Maor, et al. Heart Rhythm 16.7 (2019): 1112-1120.

Kotnik et al. IEEE Electrical Insulation Magazine 28.5 (2012): 14-23.

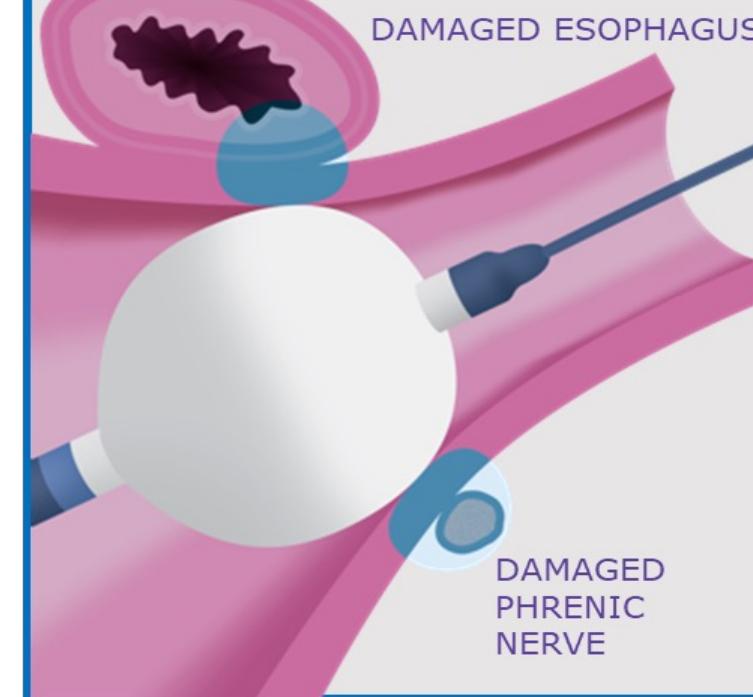


Electroporation (*Pulsed Field Ablation* - PFA) vs energies thermiques

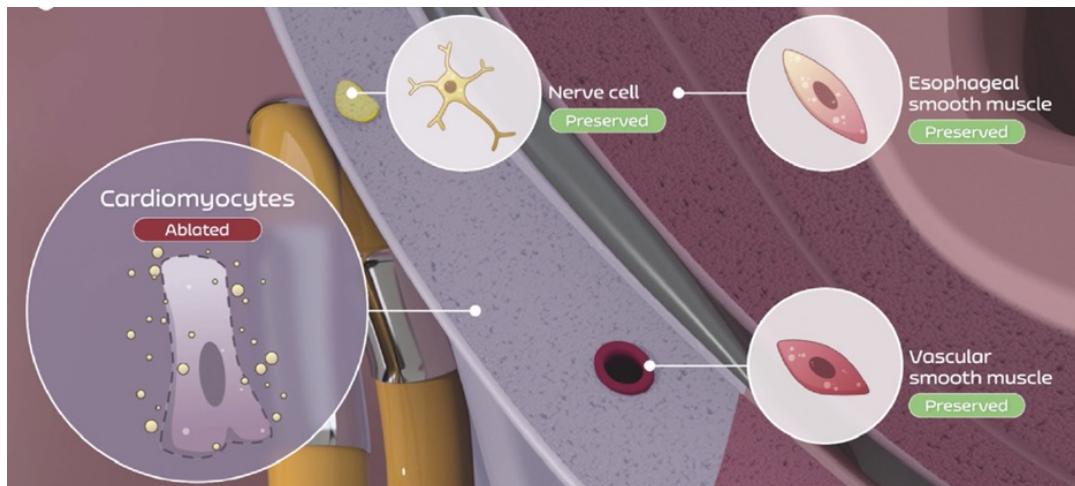
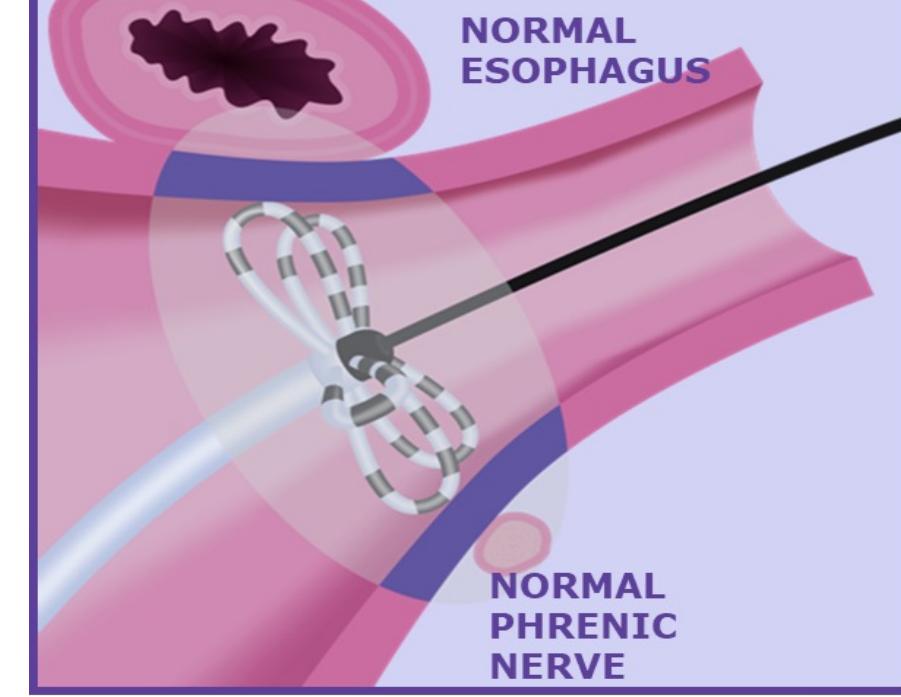
RADIOFREQUENCY ABLATION



CRYOBALLOON ABLATION



PULSED FIELD ABLATION



L'électroporation optimisée est sélective des cardiomyocytes.

Reddy VY et al. J Am Coll Cardiol.
2019;74(3):315-26.

Reddy et al. JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology 7.5
(2021): 614-627.



FARADRIVE Steerable Sheath



FARAFLEX
Large-area Focal

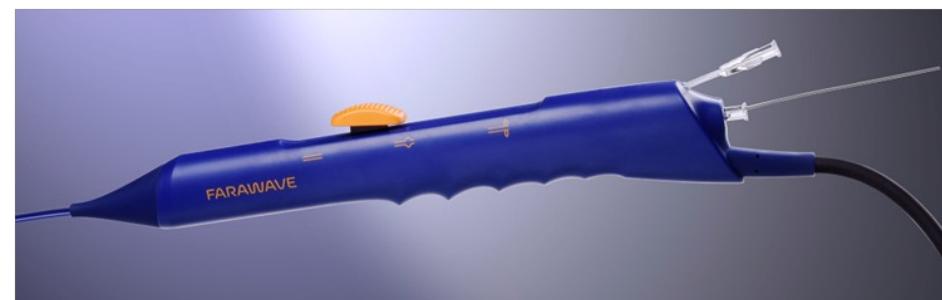
FARAWAVE PFA Catheter

FLOWER

- Antral positioning
- Radially widest lesion



5 splines, each with 4 active electrodes
3rd electrode available for pacing and recording EGMs



FARAPOINT
Precision Focal

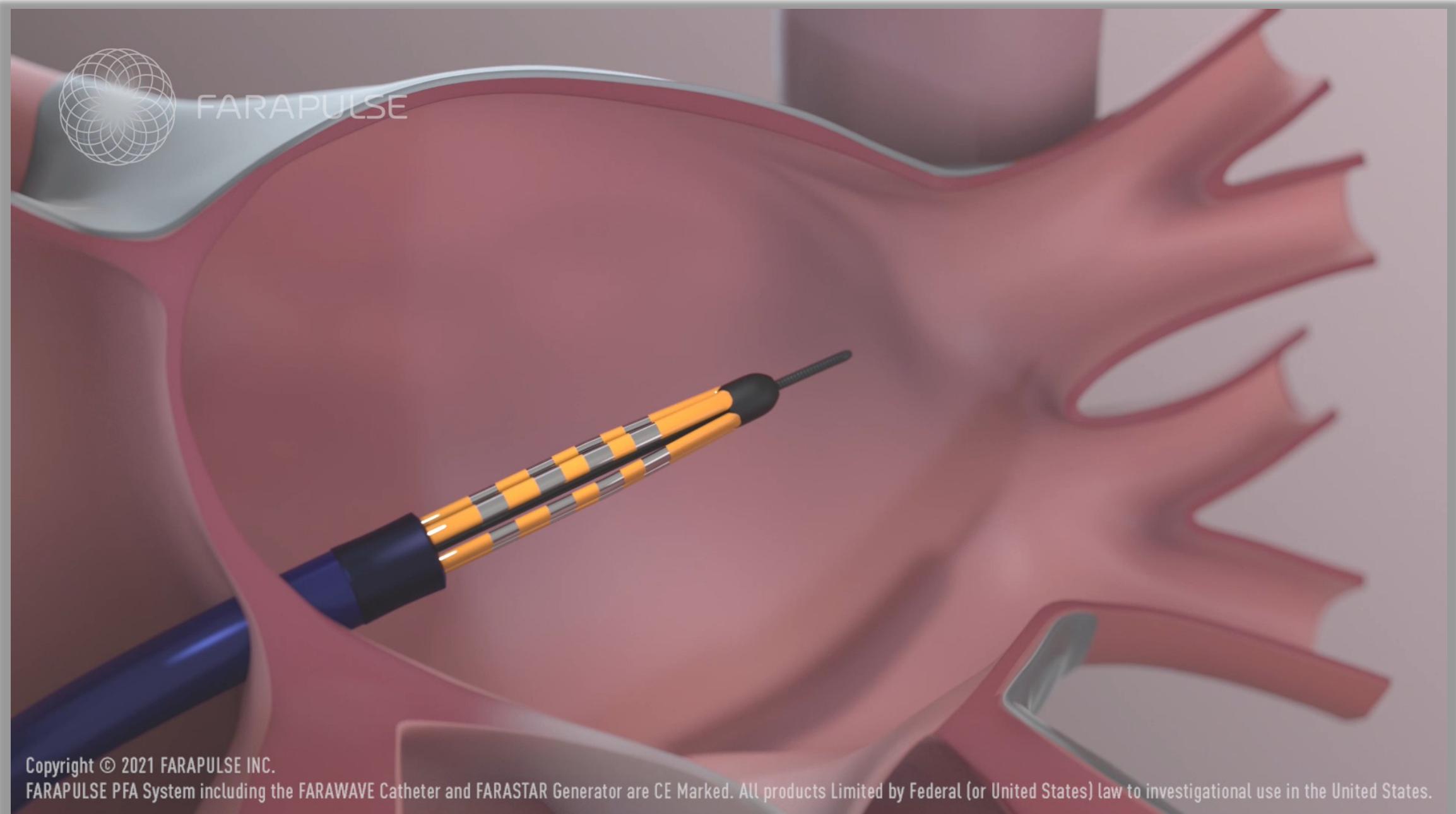
BASKET

- Ostial positioning
- Self-centering capability



FARASTAR PFA Generator

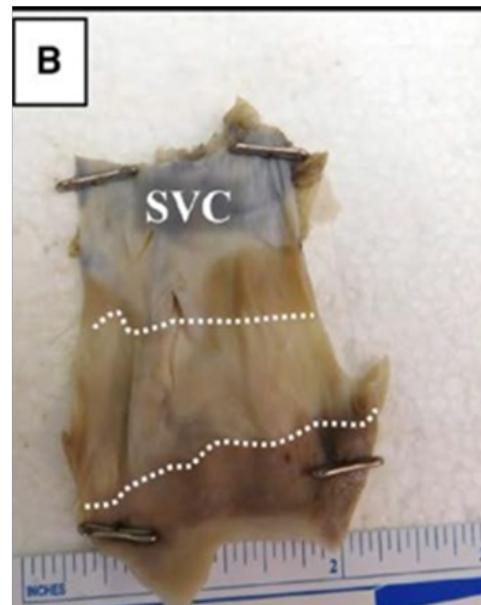






Electroporation (Pulsed Field Ablation - PFA): données précliniques

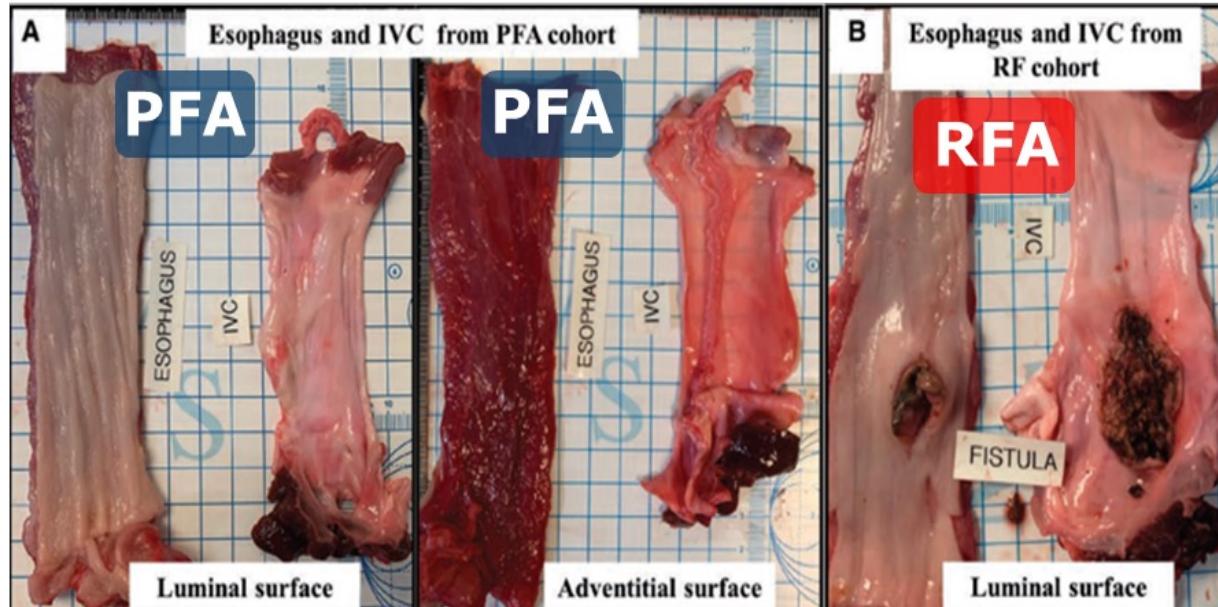
LESION DURABILITY¹



Biphasic PFA demonstrated:

- Favorable safety with a myocardial-specific ablation
- Durable lesions at 63 ± 3 days: 12/12 PVs & 6/6 SCVs

ESOPHAGEAL SAFETY²



Comparison of PFA and RFA effects on the esophagus at 25 days post-procedure

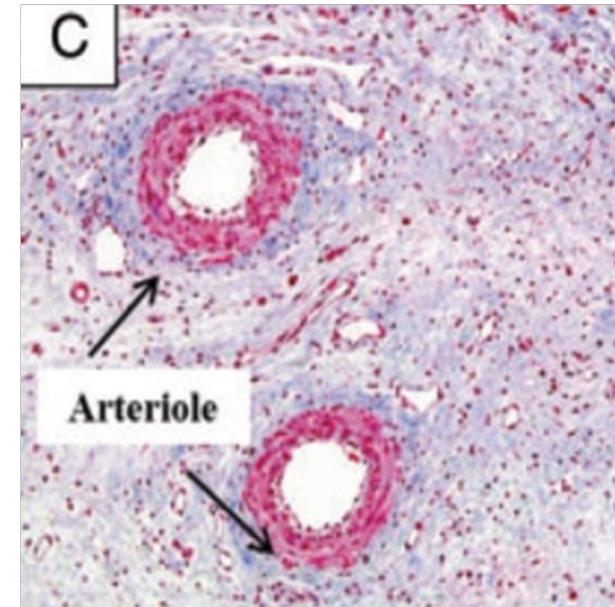
PFA

- No esophageal lesions (0/6)
- No histopathological changes observed

RFA

- Esophageal injury occurred in all animals (4/4)
- 1.5 mucosal lesions / animal

NERVE & VASCULAR SAFETY³

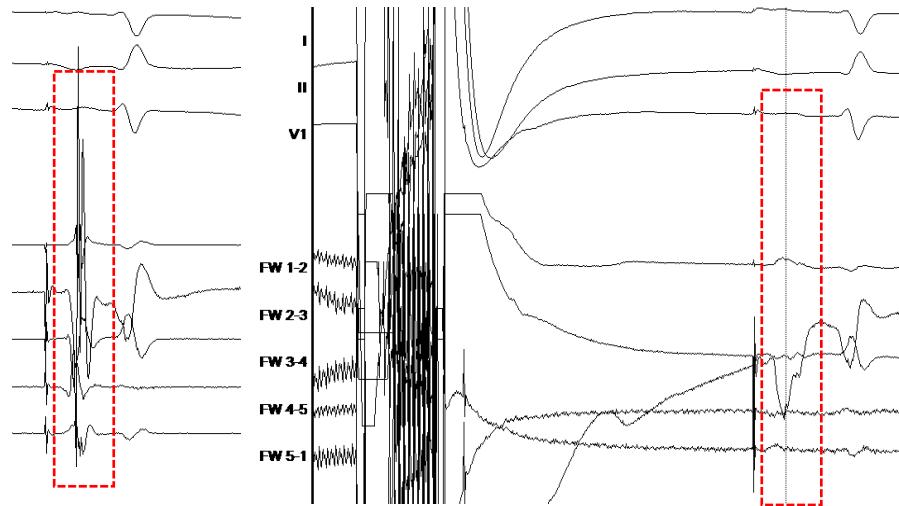
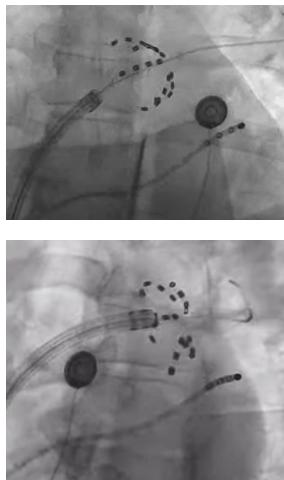


After focal, ventricular PFA, histology revealed:

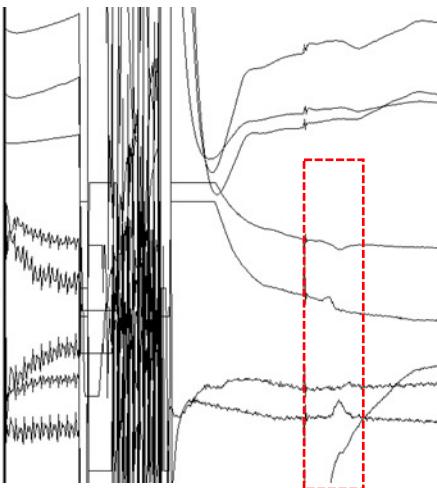
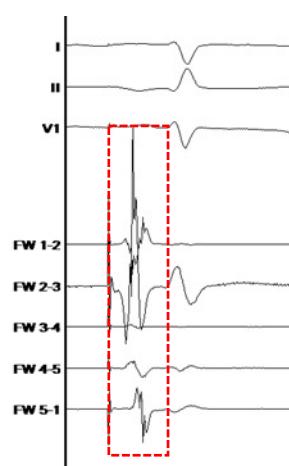
- Homogeneous fibrosis &
- Evidence of spared nerves and vessels



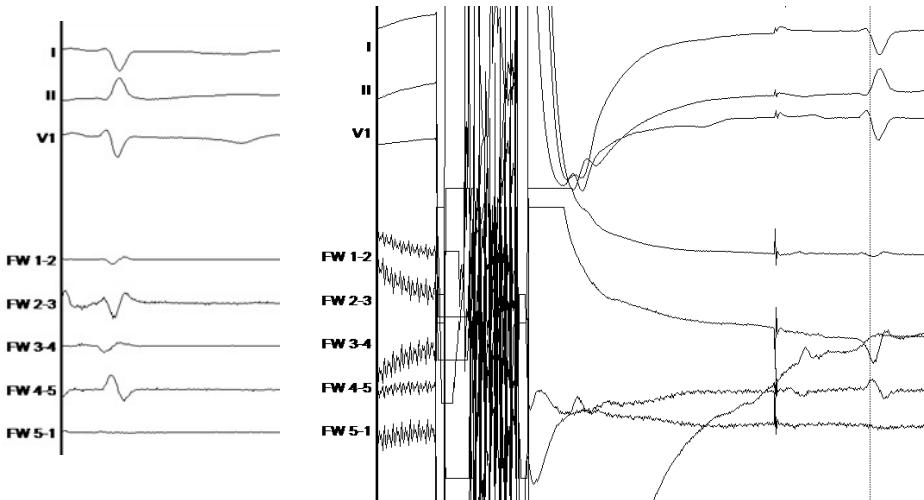
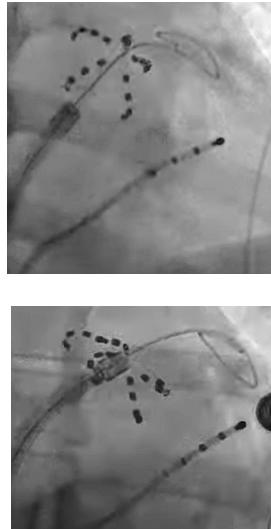
VPSG



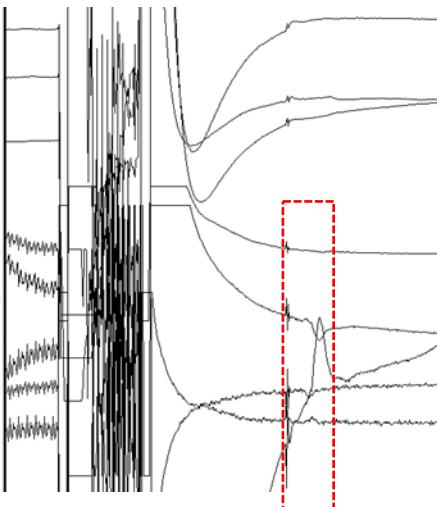
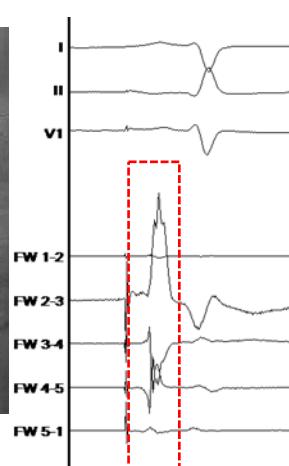
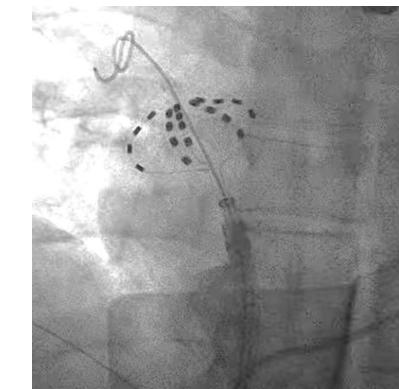
VPID

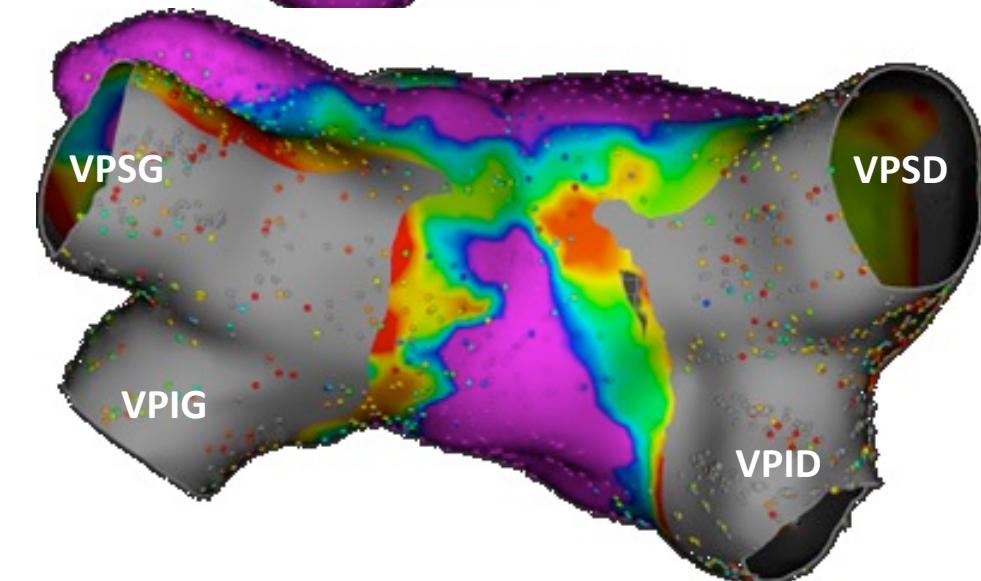
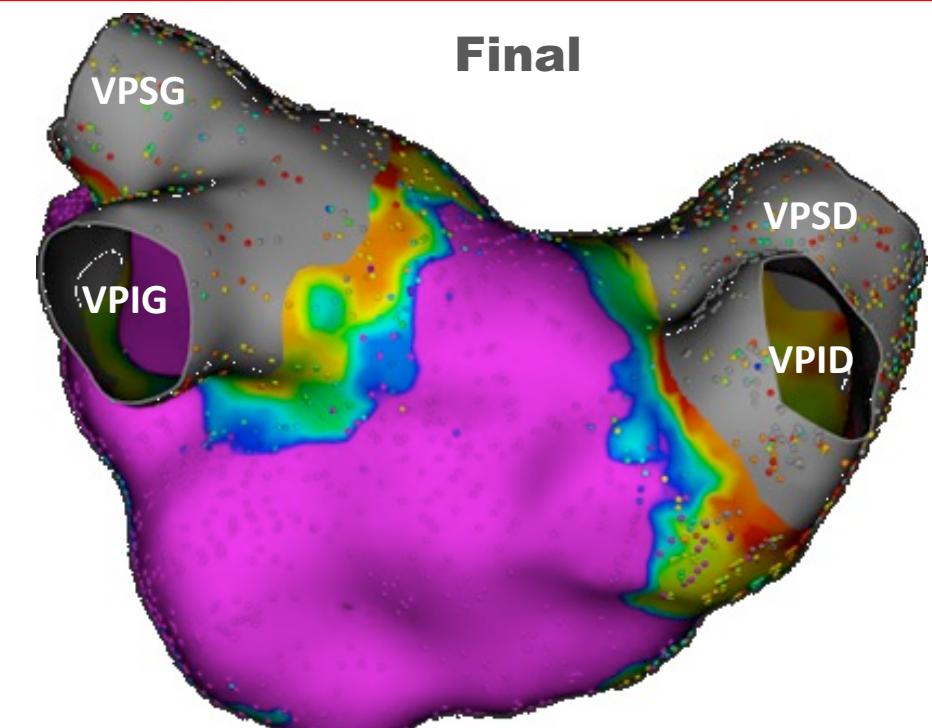
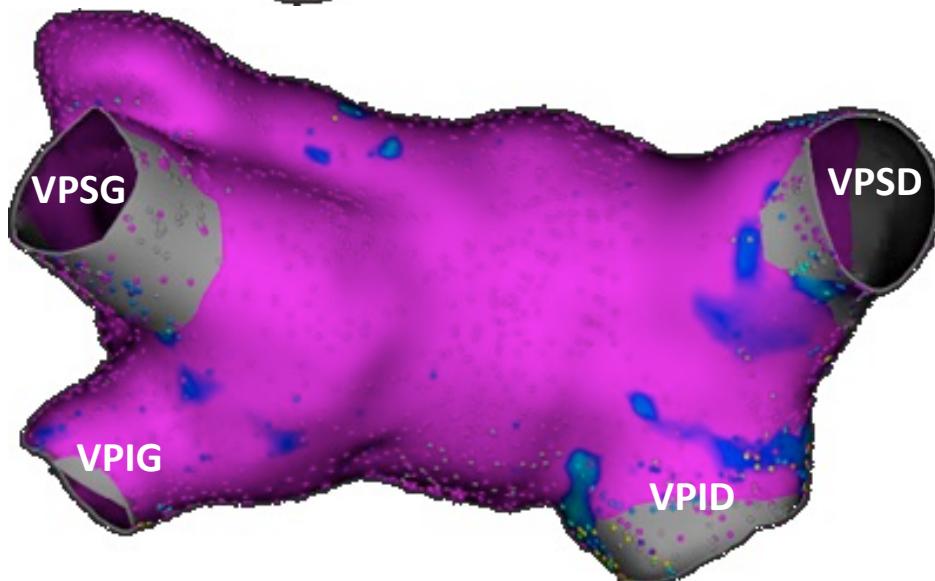
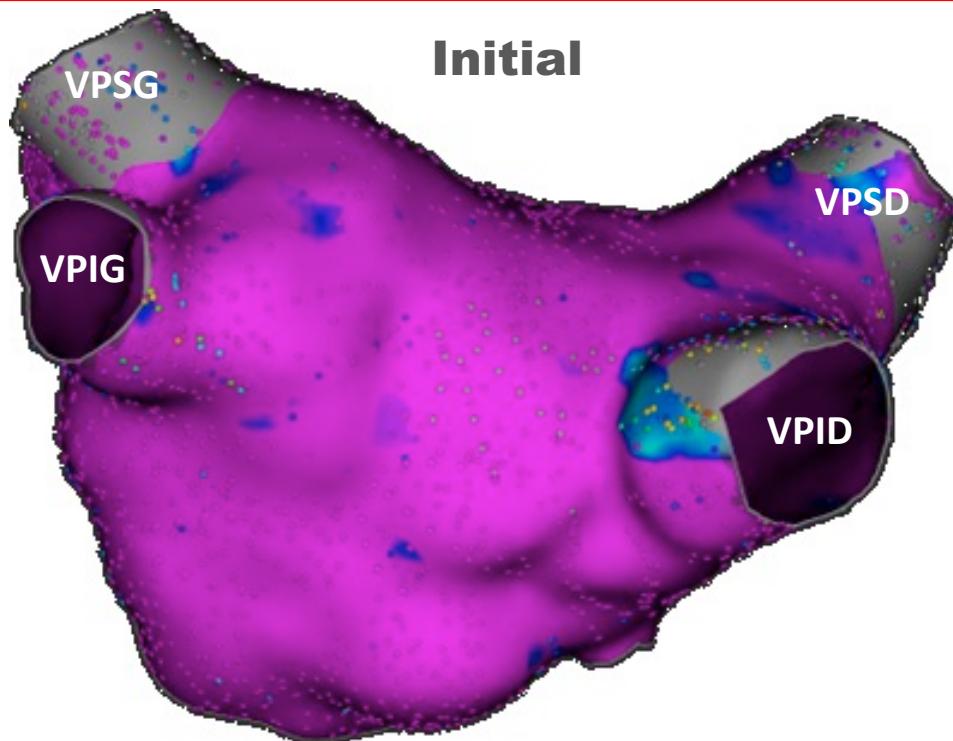


VPIG



VPSD

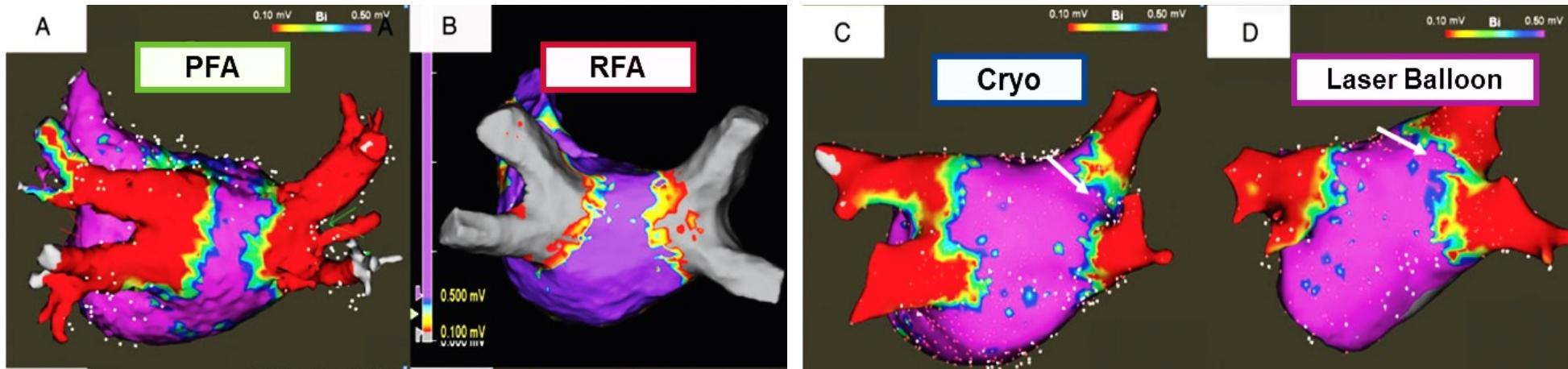






Electroporation (Pulsed Field Ablation - PFA): données cliniques

Résultat aigu



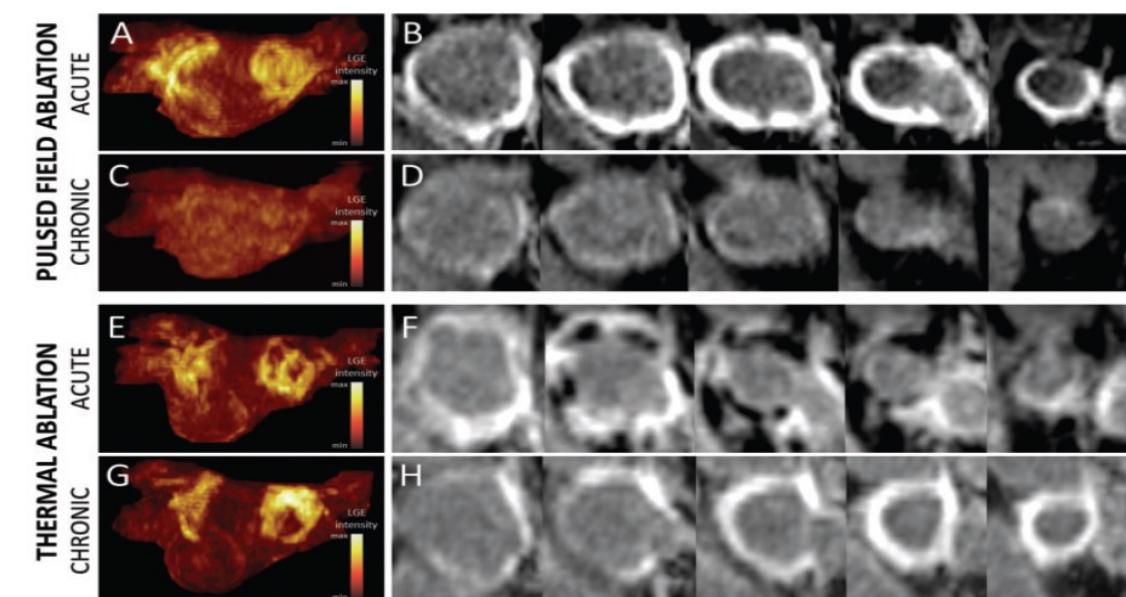
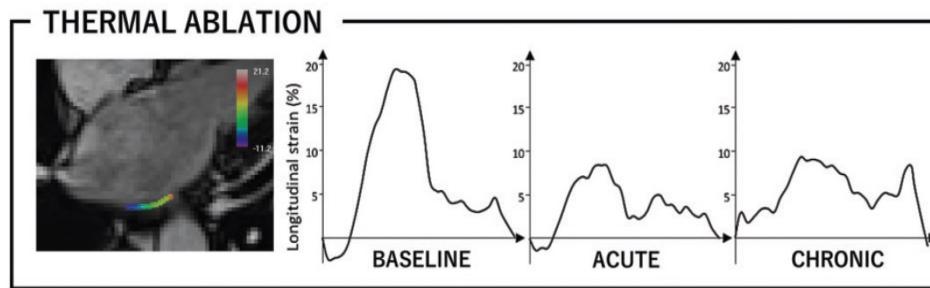
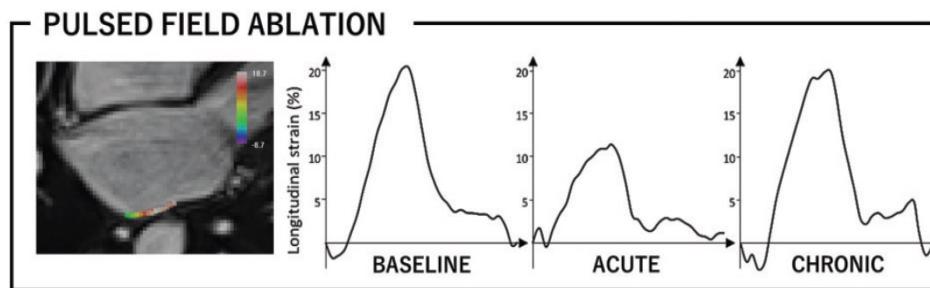
Kawamura et al.
EP Europace 23.11
(2021): 1757-1766.

IRM x 3: PFA (18) vs RF (16) vs cryo (7)

Prior to PVI ablation (BASELINE),
<3 hours post-PVI (ACUTE),
3-months post-PVI (CHRONIC)

PFA

- Modifications tissulaires plus homogènes
- Pas d'hémorragie intra pariétale, pas de changement microvasculaire
- Récupération strain PV antrum et fonction systolique OG
- A la phase chronique moins de rehaussement tardif de gadolinium



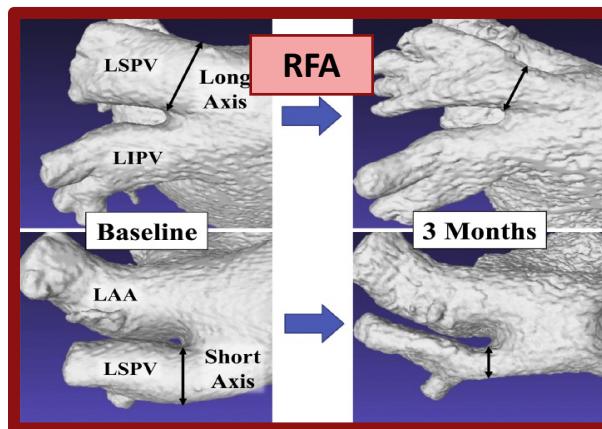
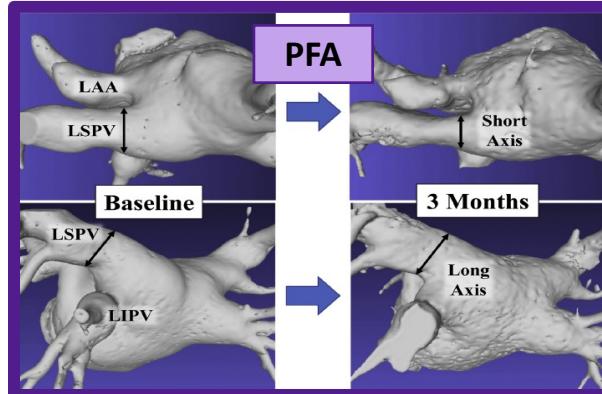
Nakatani et al.
EP Europace
23.11 (2021):
1767-1776.



Electroporation (Pulsed Field Ablation - PFA): données cliniques: sécurité

CT: taille ostium VP: PFA (37) vs RF (43)

Baseline et à 3 mois

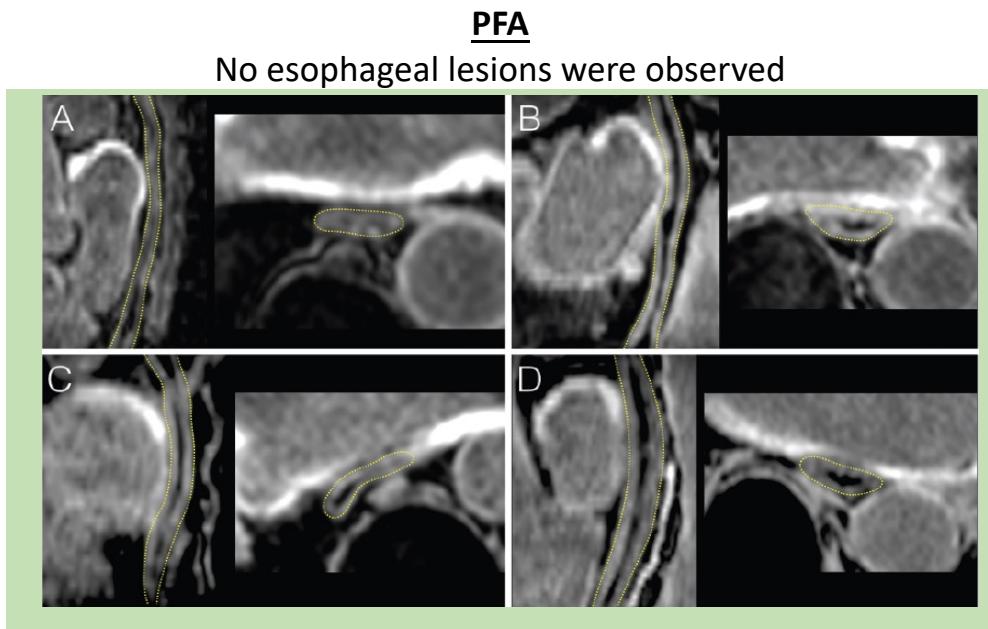


	PFA	RFA
By PV	0% (0/133)	12% (20/166)
By Patient	0% (0/37)	32.5% (14/43)

Kuroki et al. *Heart Rhythm* 17.9 (2020): 1528-1535.

MRI-gadolinium: œsophage:

**PFA (18) vs
ablation thermique (23)**
< 3h de l'ablation

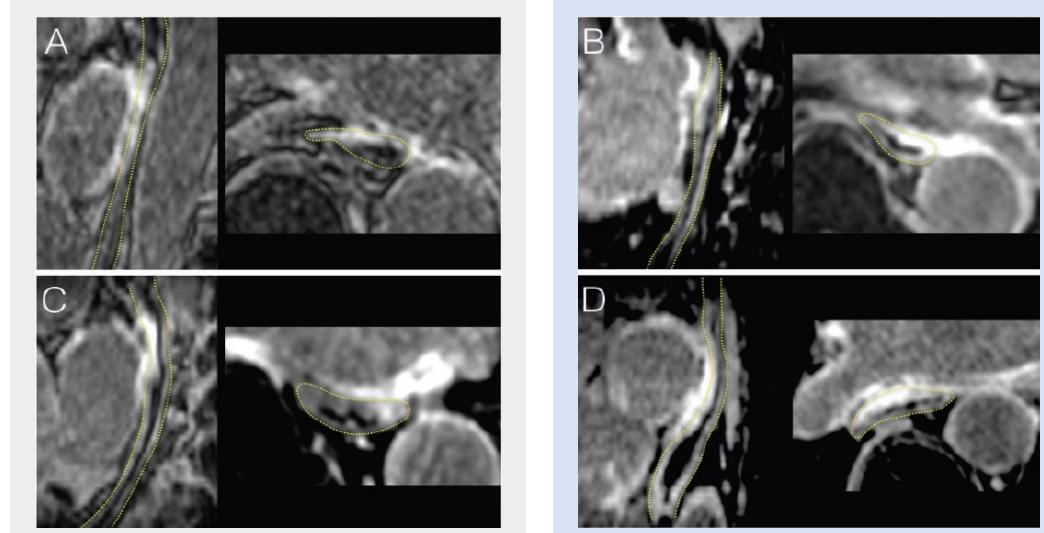


**IRM cérébrale:
pas de lacune 16/18**

Reddy et al. *JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology* 7.5 (2021): 614-627

29/30: presented at DGK 2021. *Clin Res Cardiol* (2021). 10.1007/s00392-021-01933-9 Abstract 190

Thermal Ablation
Esophageal lesions were observed in 43% (10/23) patients
Examples of acute esophageal injury in RF (left) and Cryo (right)



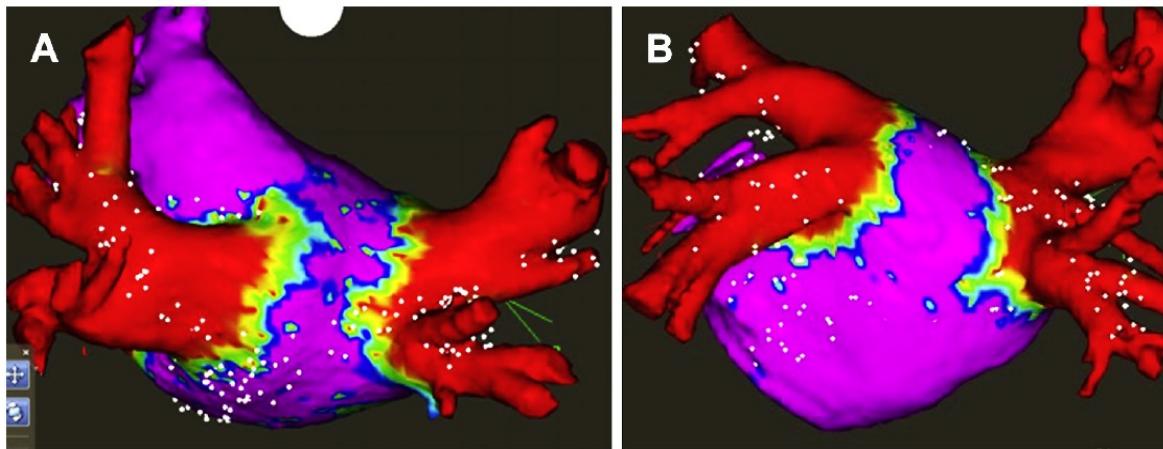
Cochet,
Hubert, et al.
EP
Europace 23.
9 (2021):
1391-1399.



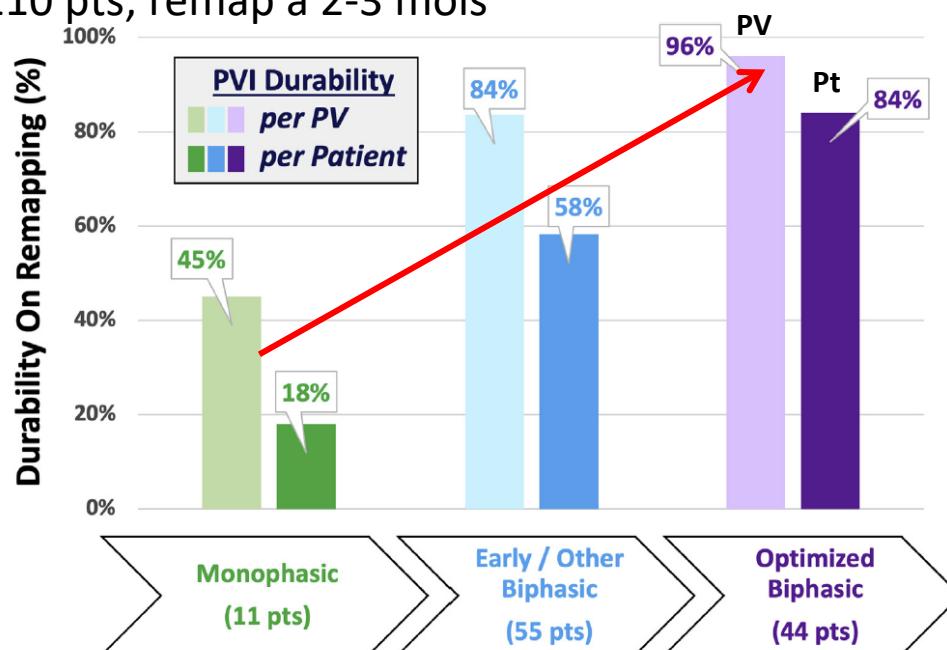
Electroporation (Pulsed Field Ablation - PFA): données cliniques: fesibilité

IMPULSE, PEFCAT, PEFCAT II: 121 pts, FA paroxystique

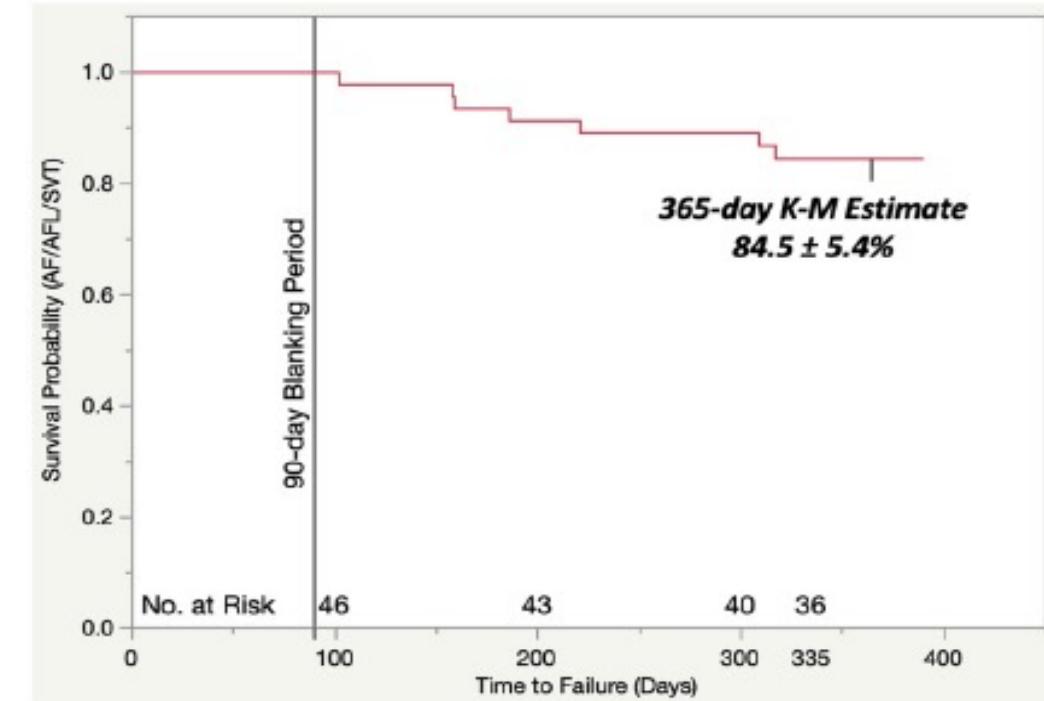
100% acute isolation



110 pts; remap à 2-3 mois



Freedom from AF, AFL or AT: PFA-OW Cohort



Reddy et al. JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology 7.5 (2021): 614-627

Entre 1^{ère} et 3^e année de suivi: re ablation 12,8%
(les VP toujours déconnectées)

Presented by D. Pugliese at HRS 2022



Electroporation (Pulsed Field Ablation - PFA): données cliniques

Etudes monocentriques vie réelle

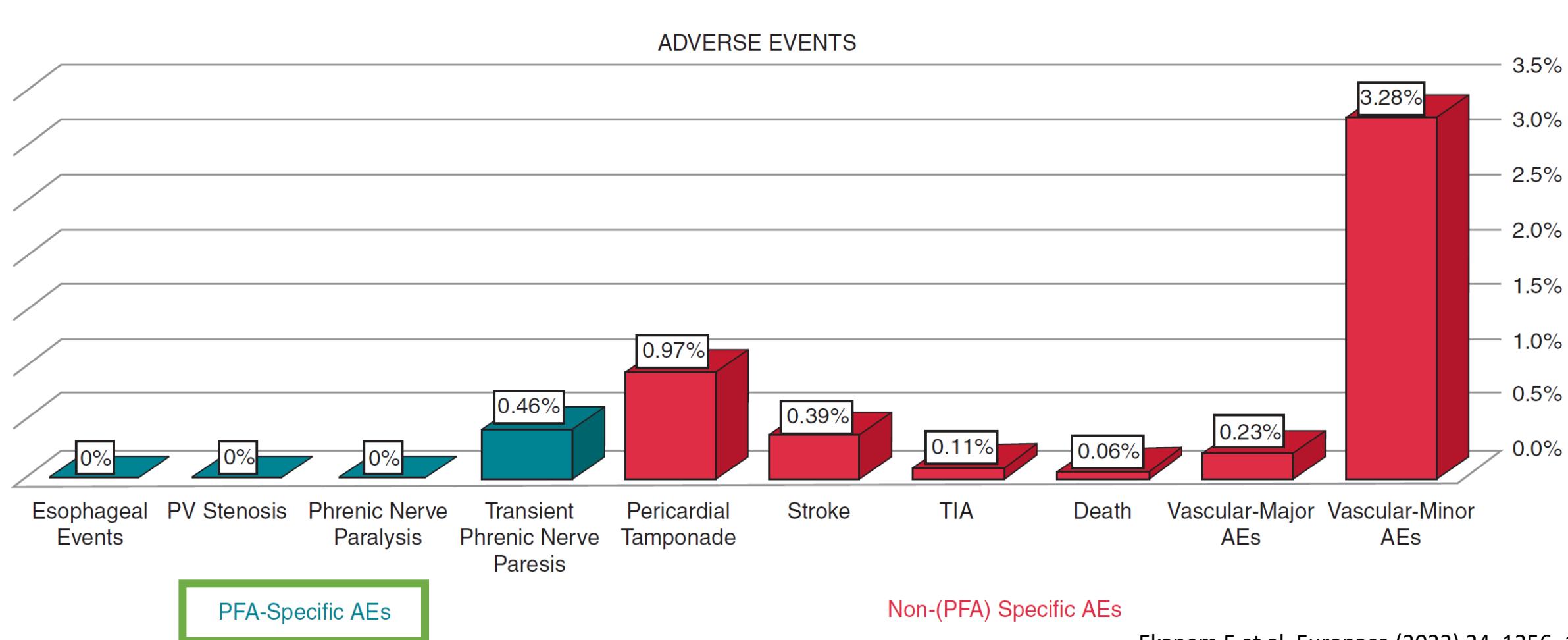
	Lemoine et al. ¹	Gunawardene et al. ²	Neven et al. ³	Nentwich et al. ⁴	Chun et al. ⁵	Magni et al. ⁶	Neuzil et al. ⁷	Reddy et al. ⁸
Patient Population	PAF + PersAF	PAF + PersAF	PAF	PAF + PersAF	PAF	PAF + PersAF	PAF + PersAF	PAF
# of Patients Treated	31	20	30	50	100	68	412	121
PFA Ablation Strategy	PVI only	PVI + Posterior wall (PW) & mitral isthmus (MI) in a subset of PersAF pts	PVI only	PVI (42%) PVI + PW (58%)	PVI only	PVI (92.6%) PVI + PW (7.4%)	PVI, & PVI + PWI	PVI only
Procedure Time (min)	96 ± 4	123 ± 22	120 ± 21	83 ± 14	41 ± 11	49 ± 21	32.6 (PAF) 56.2 (PersAF)	96.2 ± 30.3*
LA Dwell Time (min)	29 ± 2	49 ± 14				40 ± 19		34.4 ± 15.8
Acute Isolation	115/124 (93%) PVs	80/80 (100%) PVs 9/9 PWs; 2/2 MIs	30/30 (100%) pts	50/50 (100%) pts	388/393 (99%) PVs	68/68 (100%) pts	412/412 (100%) pts	475/475 (100%) PVs
inclusive of pre- and post-PVI voltage mapping							98.8% Freedom from Atrial Arrhythmias, 6.8 months FU	
								*inclusive of post-PVI voltage mapping

*[1] Clin Res Cardiol (2021). 10.1007/s00392-021-01933-9. Abstract 158; [2] Journal of cardiovascular electrophysiology (2022). 10.1111/jce.15349; [3] Clin Res Cardiol (2021). 10.1007/s00392-021-01933-9 Abstract 237; [4] Presented by Nentwich et al. EHRA 2022. "Acute safety and efficacy outcome of pulmonary vein isolation using pulsed field ablation technology" [5] Presented at DGK 2021, K.R. Julian Chun, World Congress Center, Germany, Sept 30, 2021 [6] Presented by F.T. Magni et al. EHRA 2022. "Initial experience with a novel pulsed field ablation catheter for ablation of atrial fibrillation: procedural findings and acute safety" [7] Presented by P. Neuzil at HRS 2022 "PFA for Paroxysmal and Persistent AF using an optimal waveform: Real Clinical Evidence from a Single Center [8] JACC: Clinical Electrophysiology 7.5 (2021): 614-627

**Etude multicentrique vie réelle**

MANIFEST-PF: 24 centres (Europe), 90 opérateurs, 1758 patients

General Anesthesia / Intubation (%)	17.8%
Deep Sedation / No Intubation (%)	82.1%
No. of Transeptal Punctures, n (%)	1 (100%)
PVI success rate (%), mean (min-max)	99.9% (98.9-100)
Procedure Time (minutes), mean (min-max)	65 (38-215)
Fluoroscopy Time (minutes), mean (min-max)	13.7 (4.5-33)
Same Day Discharge (%)	15.8%



**Single-Shot PFA**

Company	Boston Scientific Farapulse	Medtronic	Medtronic Affera	Biosense Webster	Adagio	Kardium	Utrecht Group Abbott
Device	Farawave	PulseSelect	Sphere-PVI	Varipulse	iCLAS (PFCA)	Globe	
							
Ongoing Clinical Trials	ADVENT IDE BEAT-AF FARA FREEDOM (PMCF)	PULSED AF IDE	SPHERE PVI (FIH)	inspiRE (CE Mark)	FIH Trial	PULSE-EU (Feasibility)	FIH Trial

**Focal PFA**

Company	Boston Scientific Farapulse	Medtronic Affera	Acutus	Galaxy Medical
Device	Farapoint	Sphere-9	AcQForce	CENTAURI System
				
Ongoing Clinical Trials	PERSAFONE II (Feasibility) PERSAFONE III (Feasibility)	Sphere-9 IDE Sphere-Per-AF IDE	PFA-AF (EU; CE Mark)	SPACE-AF (Feasibility) ECLIPSE-AF (EU; CE Mark)



Dr Reddy: « Si vous devez avoir pour vous-même une ablation pour de la fibrillation atriale, quelle technologie vous choisiriez: RF, Cryo ou Electroporation? »

Pierre Jais

Bordeaux University Hospital

France



Vivek Reddy

The Mount Sinai Hospital

New York, NY



Dr Francis Marchlinski

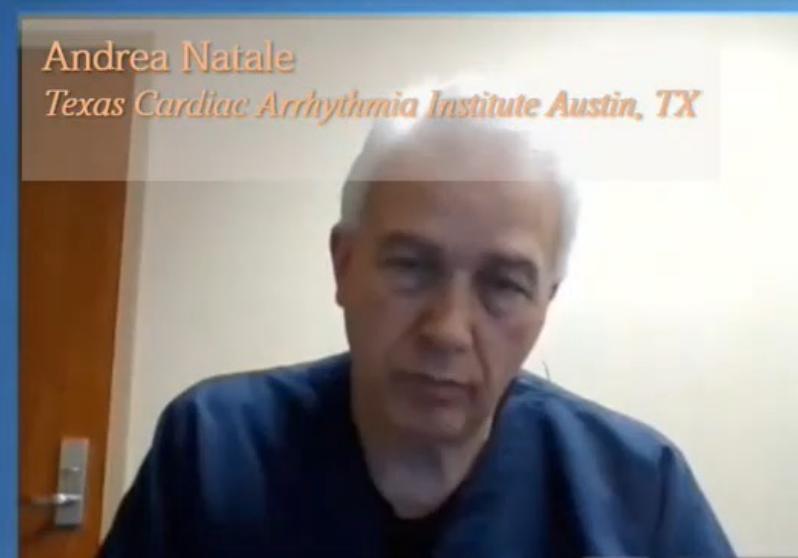
University of Pennsylvania Health System

Philadelphia, PA



Andrea Natale

Texas Cardiac Arrhythmia Institute Austin, TX



Tom De Potter

Cardiovascular Center Aalst

Belgium



Boris Schmidt

Cardioangiologisches Centrum Bethanien

Frankfurt

Germany

