

Cardiologie interventionnelle du futur

Julien Adjedj

Introduction

JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CARDIOLOGY
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CARDIOVASCULAR MEDICINE AND SOCIETY

Past, Present, and Future of Interventional Cardiology

David R. Holmes, Jr, MD, Mohamad Alkhouli, MD

Plan

IMPACT ON INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY



- **Cardiopathie Ischémique: quand la morphologie et la physiologie se rencontrent**
- **Cardiopathie structurelle: Parier sur le gagnant?**
- **Training: Et si on faisait comme dans l'aviation?**
- **Heart team: Fini le héros solitaire bienvenue la caution solidaire**

Plan

IMPACT ON INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY






COMPETENCY
Formal Training
Certification Exams

CARE TEAM
Patient Selection
Credentialing
Guidelines

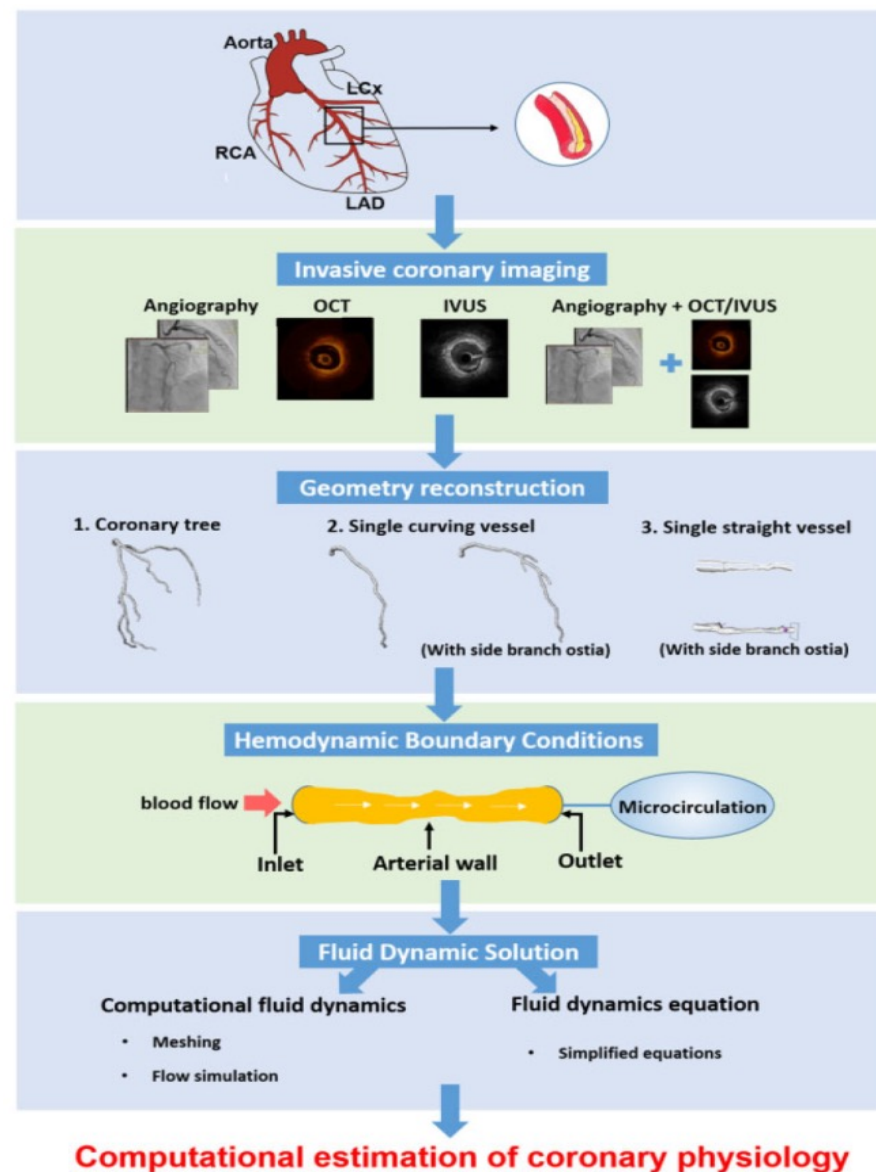
IC PRACTICE
Salary Structure
Ultra-Specialization
Workforce Issues

- **Cardiopathie Ischémique: quand la morphologie et la physiologie se rencontrent**
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Fractional flow reserve in clinical practice: from wire-based invasive measurement to image-based computation

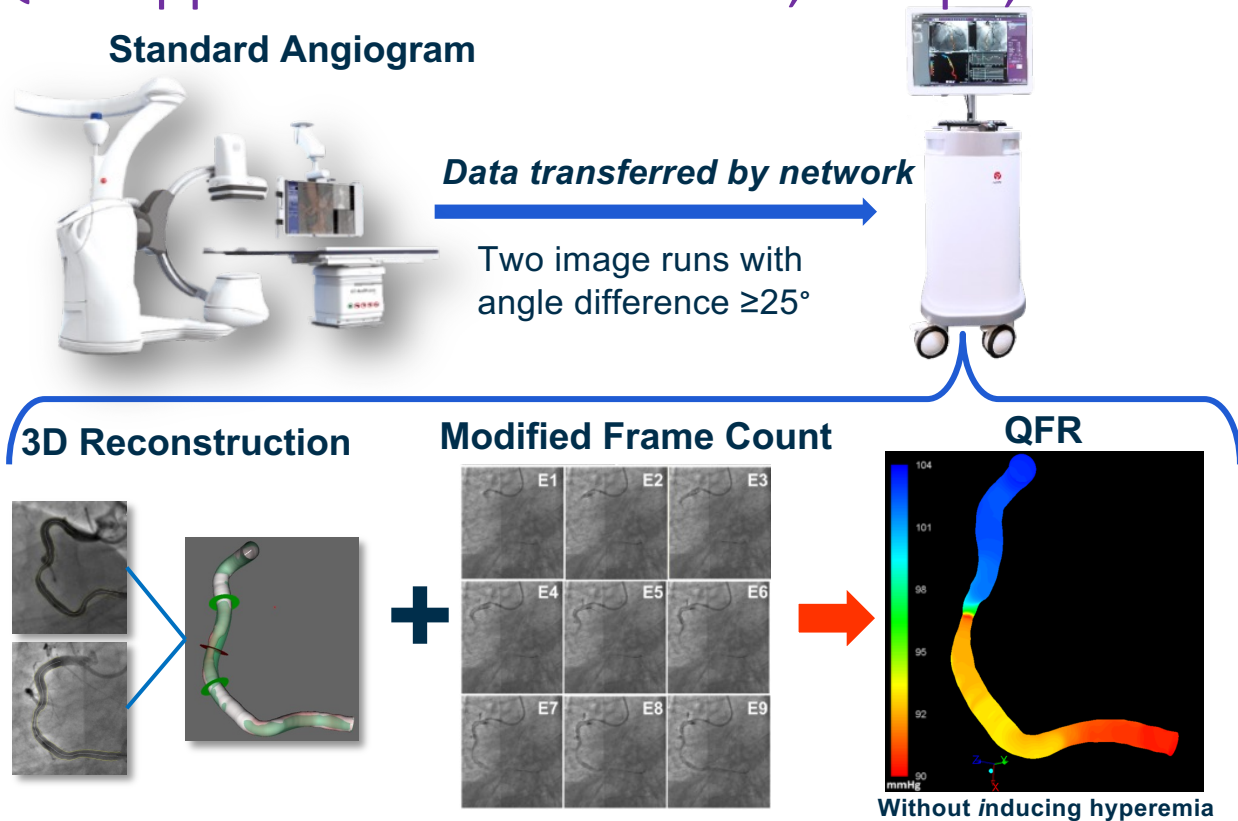
Shengxian Tu ^{1*}†, Jelmer Westra ^{2†}, Julien Adjedj ^{3,4†}, Daixin Ding¹, Fuyou Liang^{5,6}, Bo Xu ⁷, Niels Ramsing Holm², Johan H.C. Reiber⁸, and William Wijns ⁹

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Quantitative flow ratio (QFR): angiography-based FFR

QFR: approved for use in China, Europe, and US



Study	Patients/Vessels	Accuracy
FAVOR II China ^[1]	308/332	92.7%
FAVOR II E/J ^[2]	272/317	86.8%
FAVOR Pilot ^[3]	73/84	87%
WIFI II ^[4]	172/255	86%
Mejía-Rentería ^[5]	248/300	83%
Yazaki, K. ^[6]	142/151	88.7%
Smit, J.M. ^[7]	85/255	90%
Spitaleri, G. ^[8]	45/49	94%
Emori, H. ^[9]	Prior MI (+) 75/75 Prior MI (-) 75/75	87% 92%
Koltowski ^[10]	306/268	85.4%
Emori ^[11]	100/100	94%
Stähli ^[12]	436/516	93.4%
Smit, J.M. ^[13]	290/386	86%
Smit, JM ^[14]	Diabetic (+) 82/66 Diabetic (-) 238/193	88% 85%
Hwang, D ^[15]	264/358	90.8%
Ties, D ^[16]	96/101	90%
Tanigaki, T ^[17]	152/233	85%
Choi ^[18]	452/599	91.2%

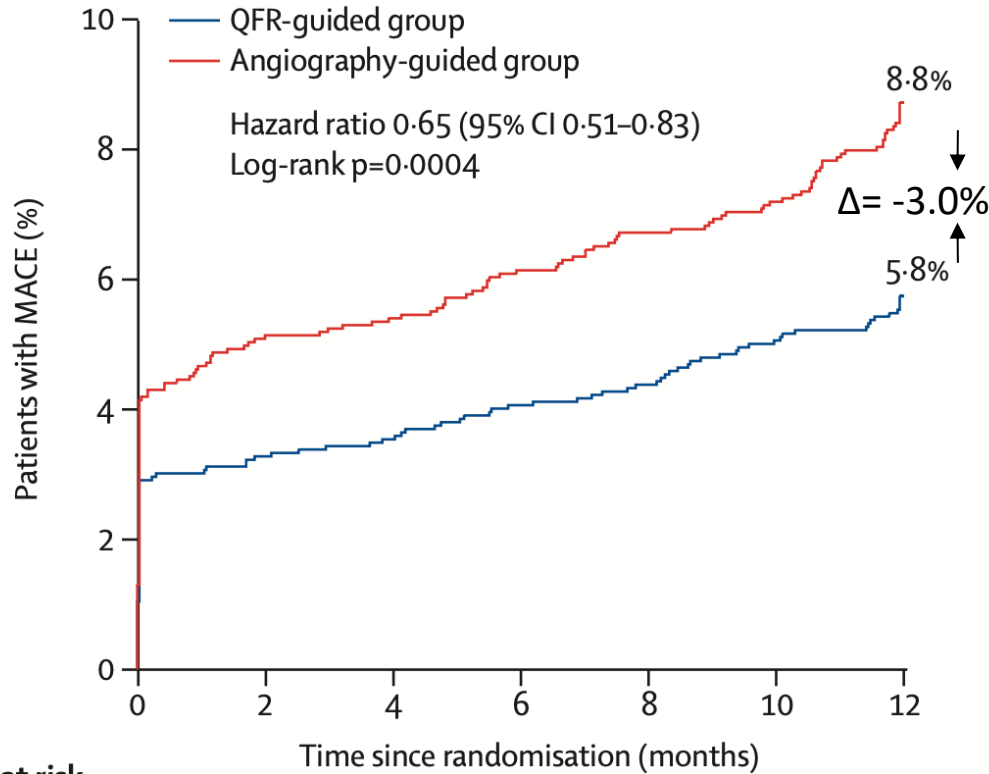
[1] J Am Coll Cardiol
[3] [5] [17] J Am Coll Cardiol Interv
[2][15] JAHA

[4] Circ Cardiovasc Imaging
[8] Circ Cardiovasc Interv
[6] [9] Cir J

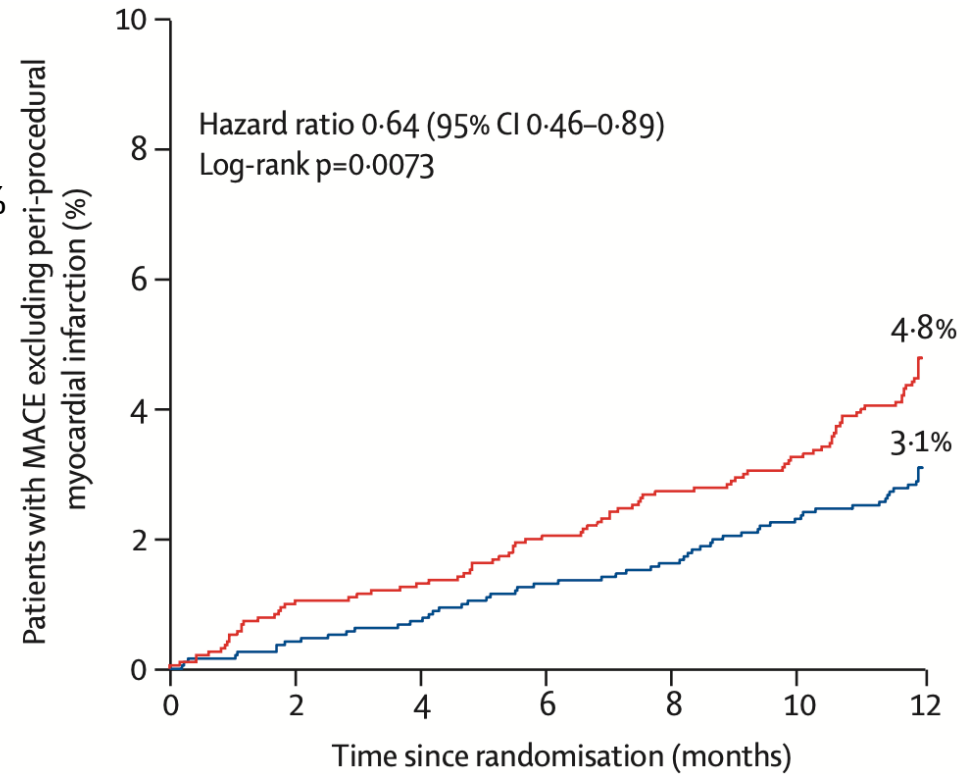
[7] Eur J NuclMed Mol Imaging
[10] Clin Res Cardiol
[11] Coron Artery Dis

[12] [16] Int J Cardio
[13] EHJ - Cardio. Imaging
[14] Am J Cardiol

FAVOR III China QFR-guided vs. angiography-guided PCI



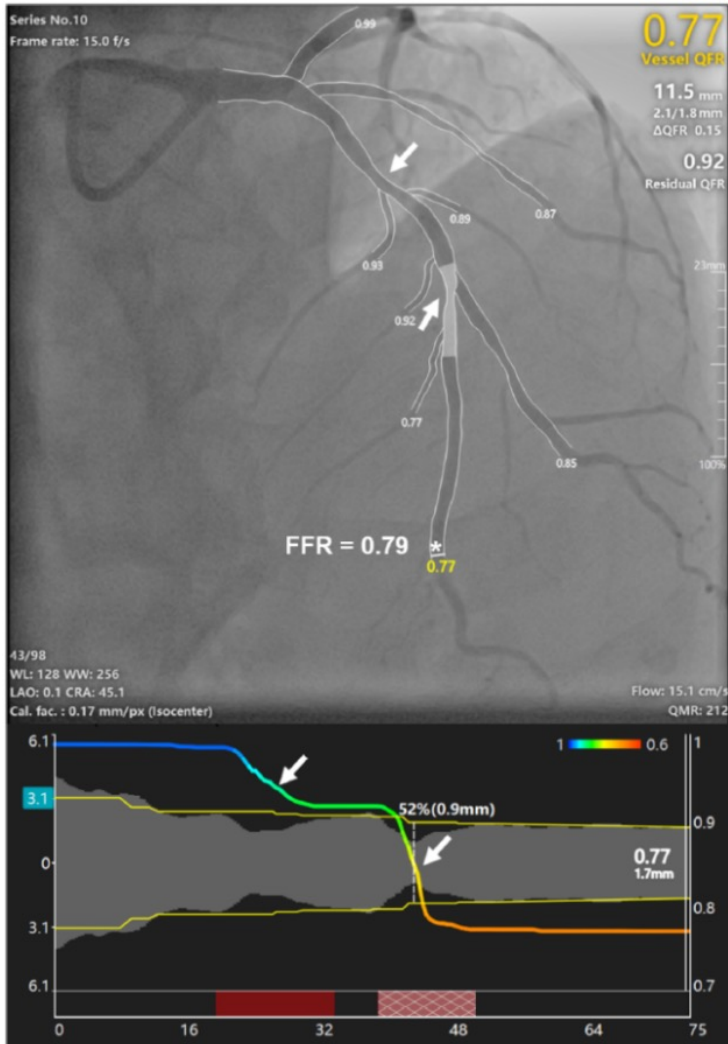
	Number at risk						
	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
QFR-guided group	1913	1845	1840	1828	1821	1809	1795
Angiography-guided group	1912	1804	1798	1783	1770	1762	1732



	Number at risk						
	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
QFR-guided group	1913	1900	1894	1881	1874	1862	1846
Angiography-guided group	1912	1883	1877	1862	1847	1839	1808

Conclusion: QFR-guided strategy of lesion selection improved 1-year clinical outcomes compared with standard angiography guidance

Nouvelle QFR: μ QFR sur une seule vue



Single angiographic view

➡ Improved feasibility

Include side branches

➡ Improved accuracy

Automated frame counting (by AI)

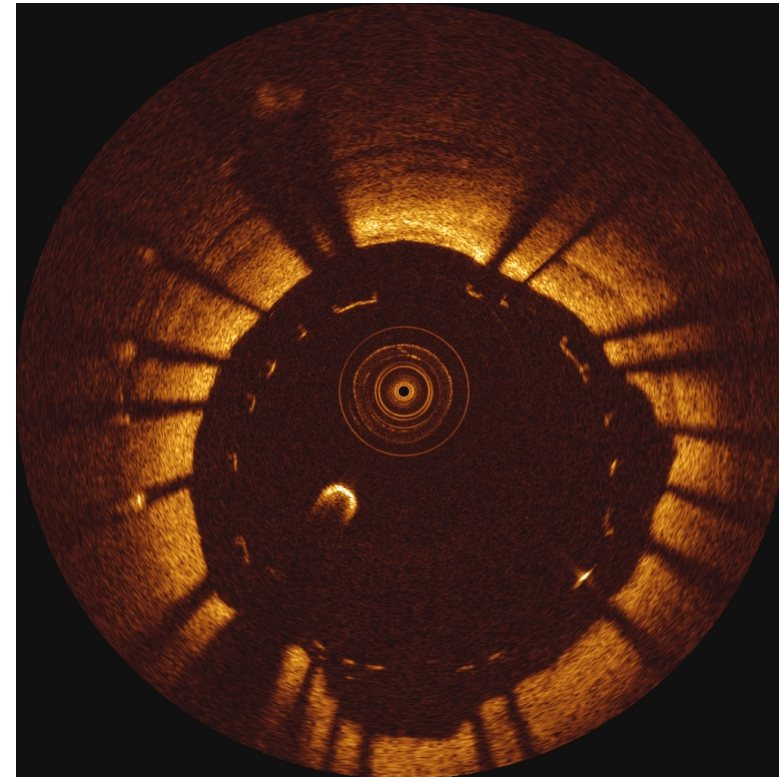
➡ Improved efficiency (1 min)

AngioPlus Core (Pulse Medical)

	μ QFR ≤ 0.80	DS% $\geq 50\%$
Accuracy, % (95% CI)	93.0 (90.2, 95.8)	76.1 (71.4, 80.7)
Sensitivity, % (95% CI)	87.5 (80.2, 92.8)	57.5 (48.1, 66.5)
Specificity, % (95% CI)	96.2 (92.6, 98.3)	86.7 (81.3, 91.0)
PPV, % (95% CI)	92.9 (86.5, 96.9)	71.1 (61.0, 79.9)
NPV, % (95% CI)	93.1 (88.9, 96.1)	78.1 (72.2, 83.2)
+LR (95% CI)	23.0 (11.6, 45.5)	4.3 (3.0, 6.3)
-LR (95% CI)	0.13 (0.08, 0.20)	0.49 (0.40, 0.60)

Place de l'imagerie endocoronaire

- Angiographie superposition des vaisseaux et raccourcissement
- Optimisation Post-PCI : stent mal-apposition/sous-expansion



Pourquoi l'OFR?

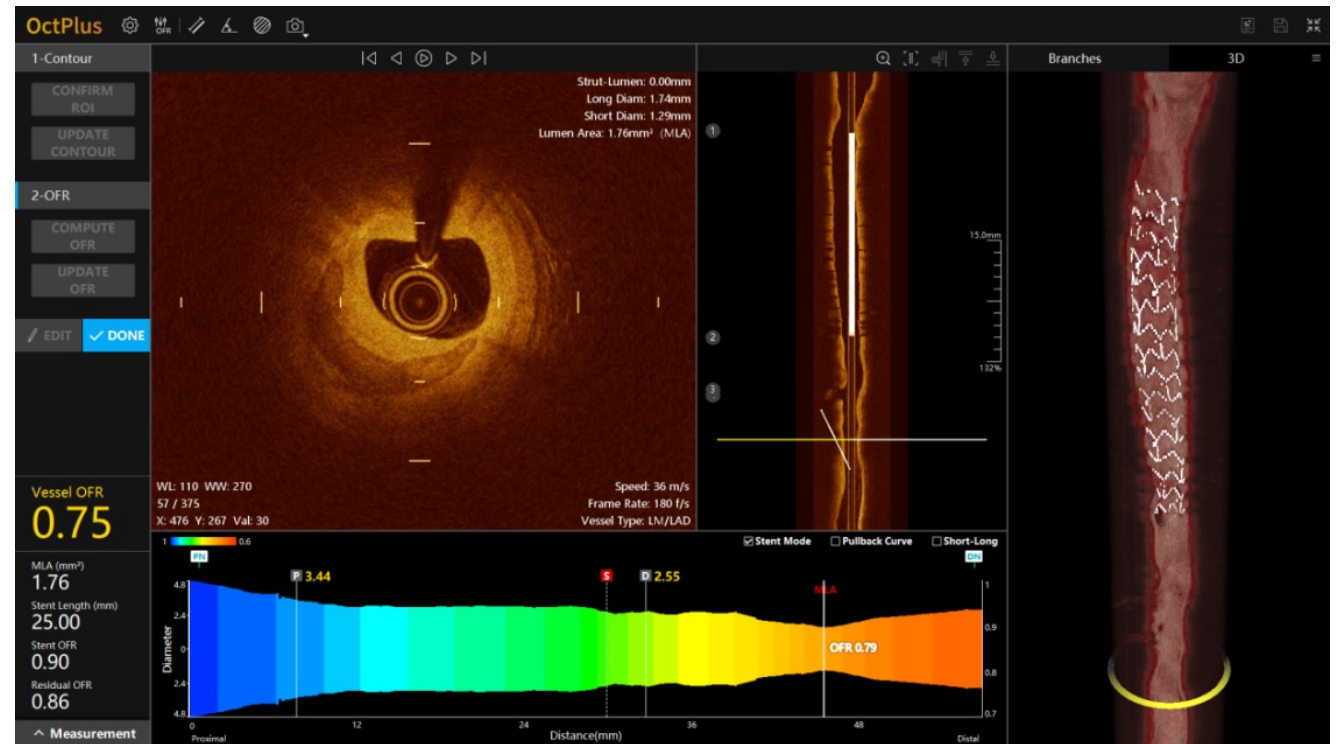
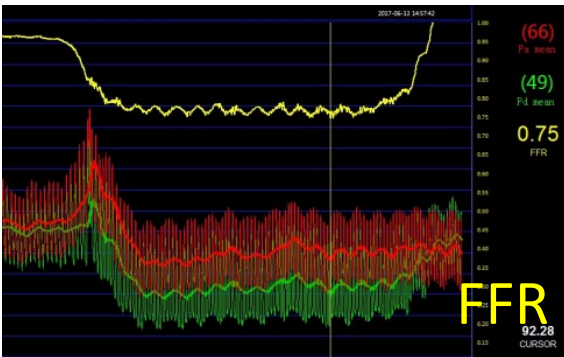
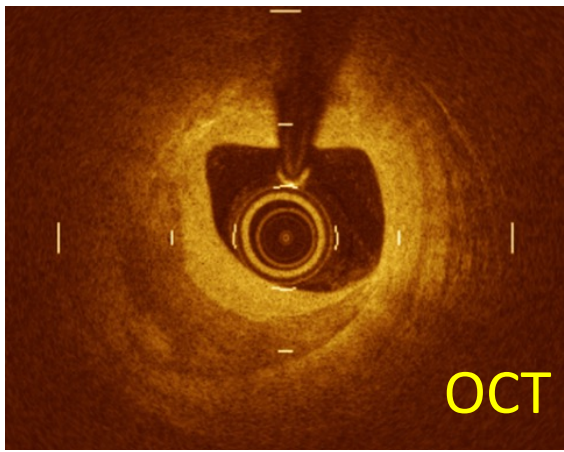
Pour avoir le meilleur des deux mondes

2 procédures

2 instrumentations séparées

1 procédure & instrumentation

OCT + computed FFR (OFR)

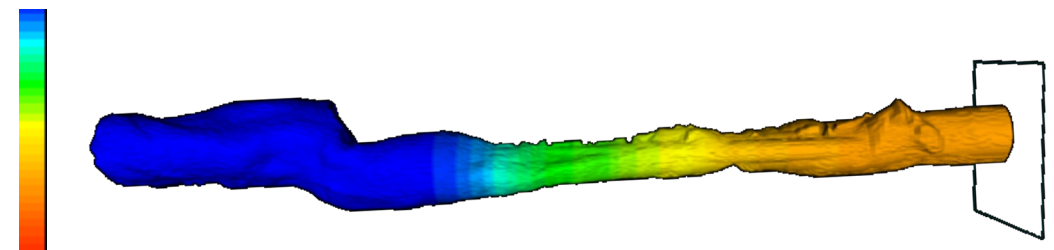
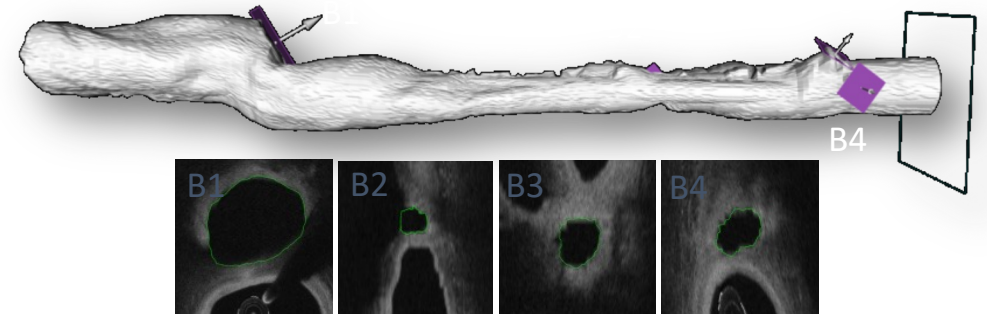
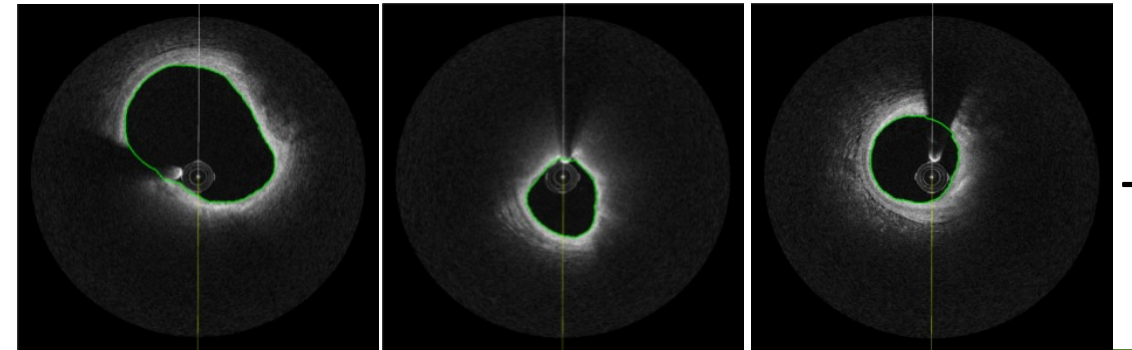


OctPlus (Pulse Medical, Shanghai, China)

Comment ça marche l'OFR?

- 1. Detection automatique des contours de l'OCT et reconstruction 3D**
- 2. Reconstruction 3D en coupant les ostia des colaterales**
- 3. Estimation du flux et de l'OFR**

Temps d'analyse \approx 1 minute



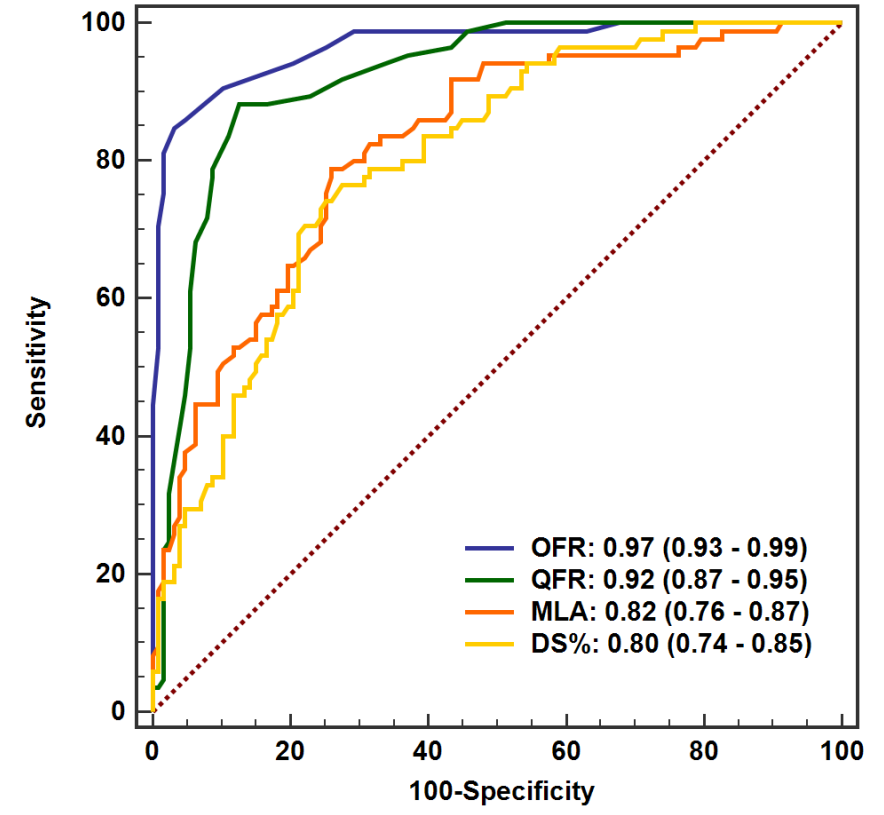
OFR second validation study (Japan single center)

Diagnostic Performance of OFR (with FFR as reference standard)

212 vessels from Wakayama Medical University

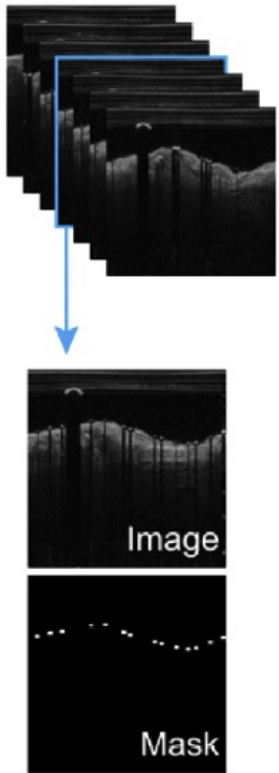
OFR has the highest diagnostic performance

pre-PCI	OFR ≤ 0.80	QFR ≤ 0.80	OCT-MLA $\leq 1.88 \text{ mm}^2$	3D QCA-DS% $> 50.7\%$
Accuracy, %	92	87	76	75
Sensitivity, %	86	88	79	74
Specificity, %	95	87	74	75
PPV, %	92	82	67	66
NPV, %	91	92	84	81
LR+	18.2	7.0	3.0	2.9
LR-	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4
AUC	0.97	0.92	0.82	0.80



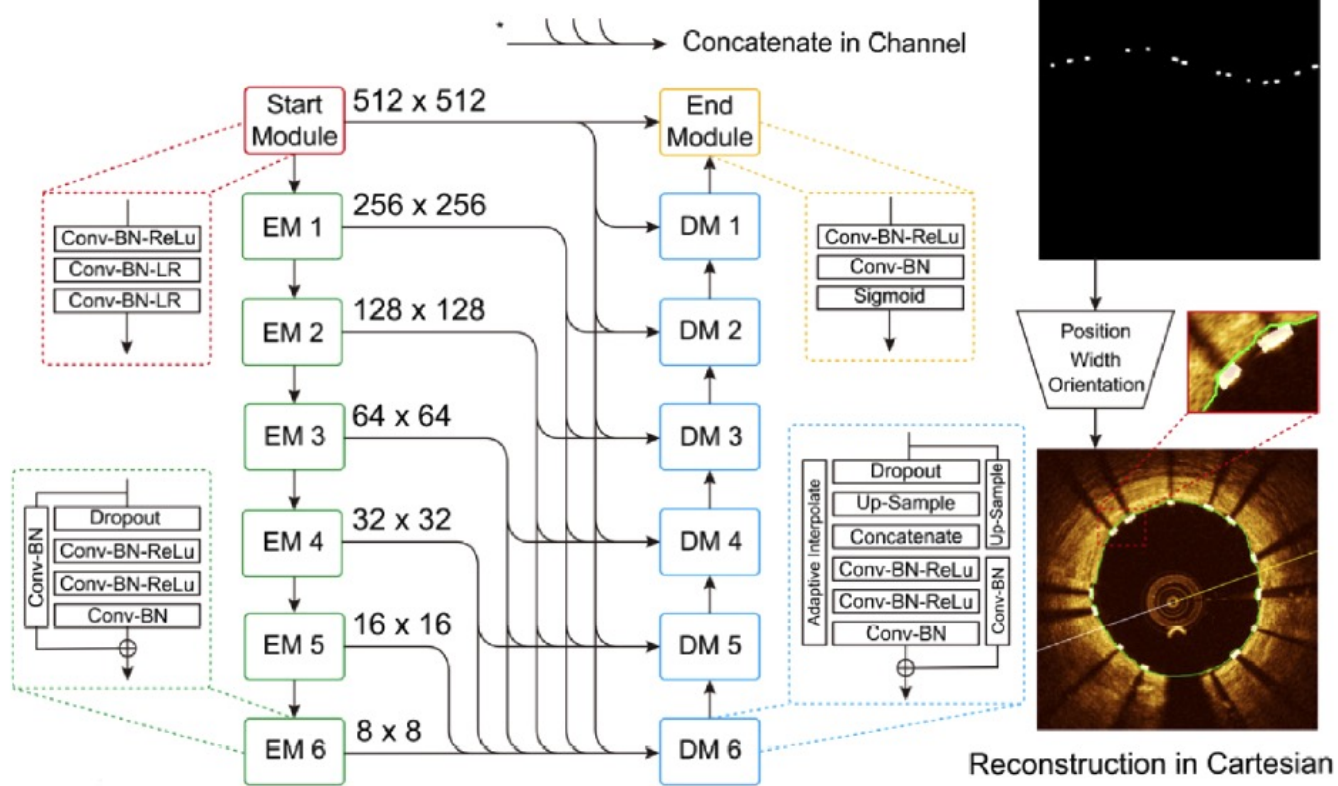
Detection automatique des stents et reconstruction par OCT

Consecutive Polar IVOCT Slice



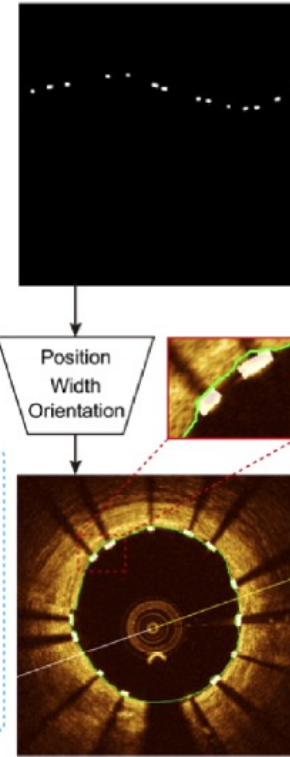
A

Module Design & Model Architecture

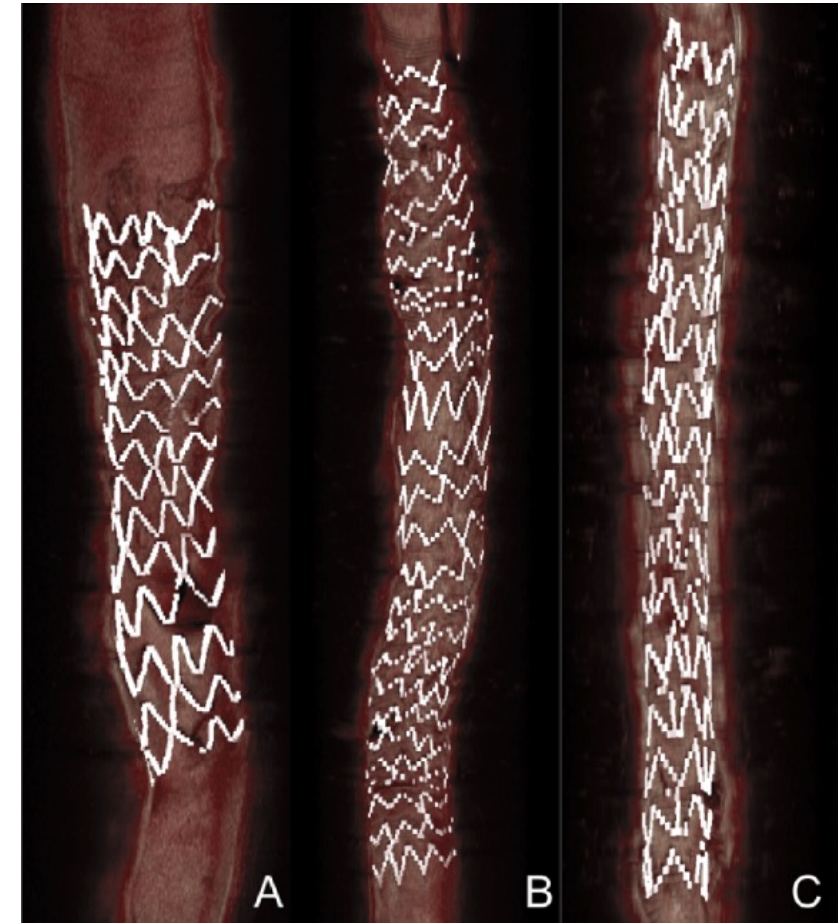


B

Strut Prediction Map



C

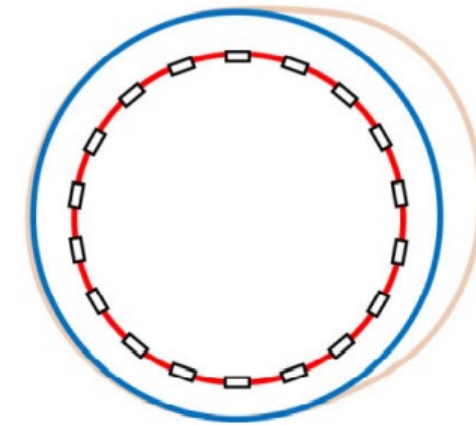
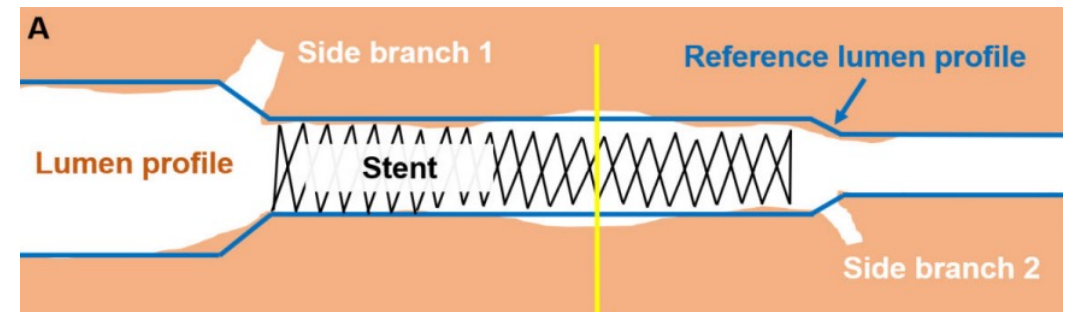
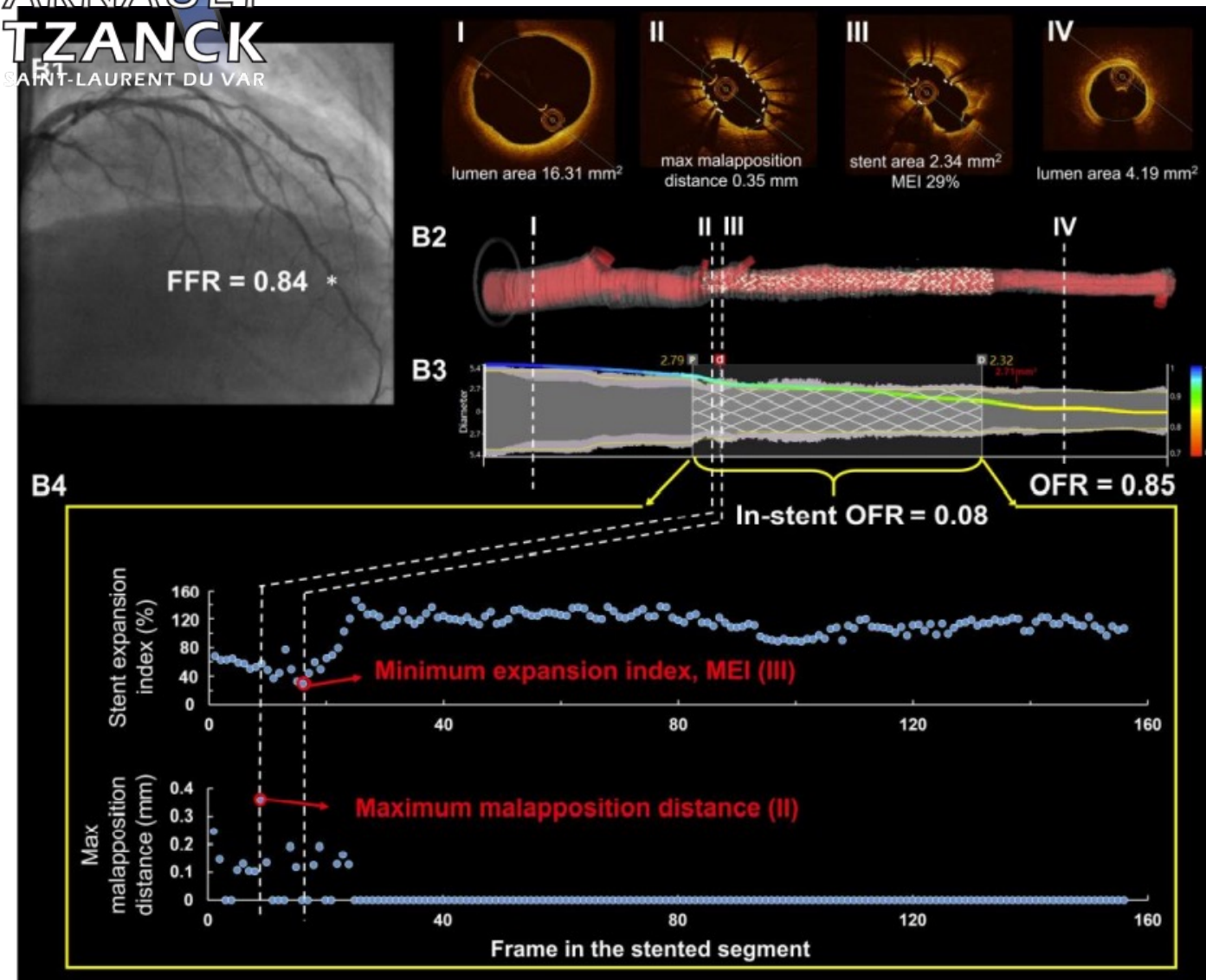


A

B

C

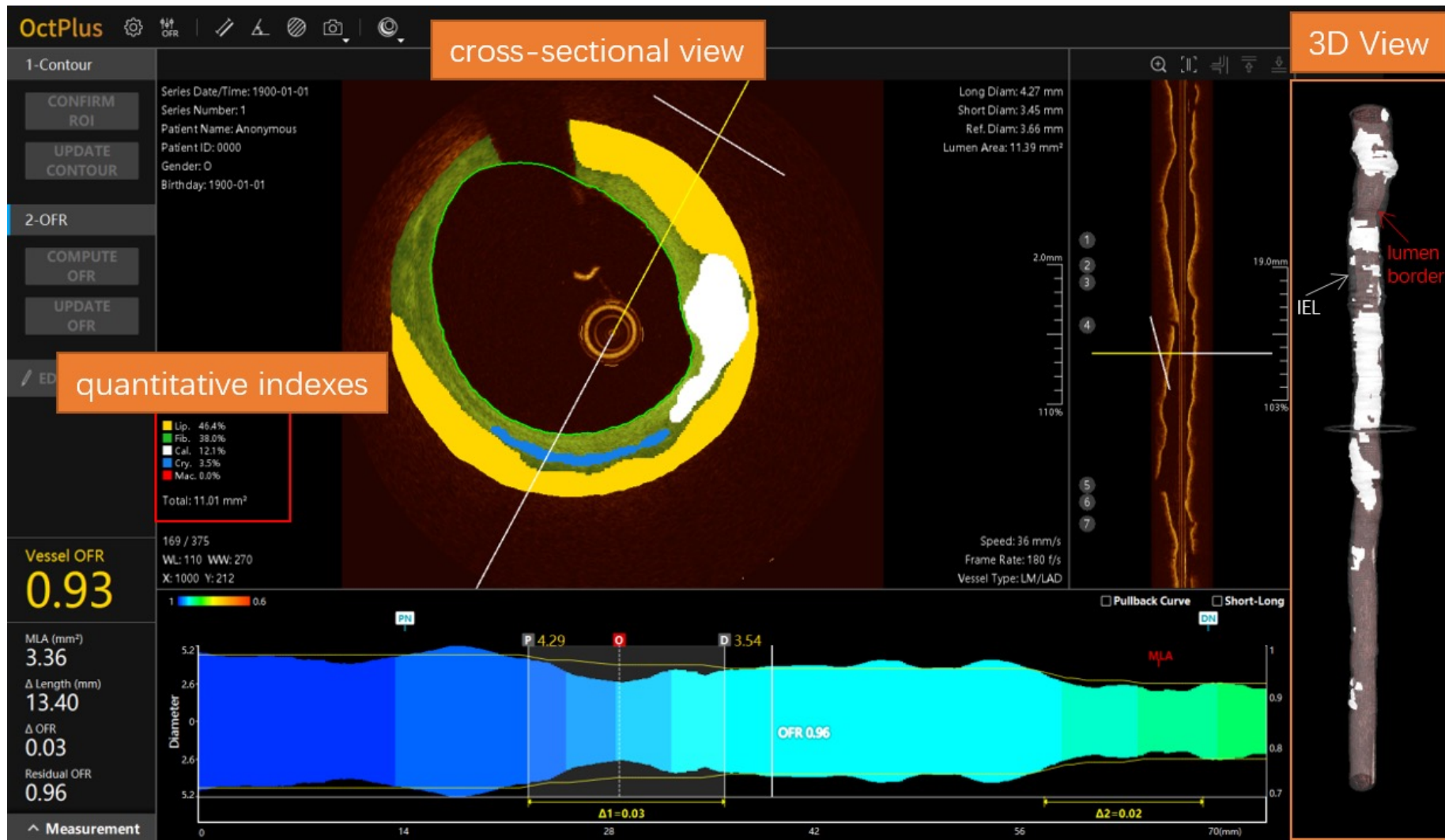
Stent expansion et intra-stent chute de pression



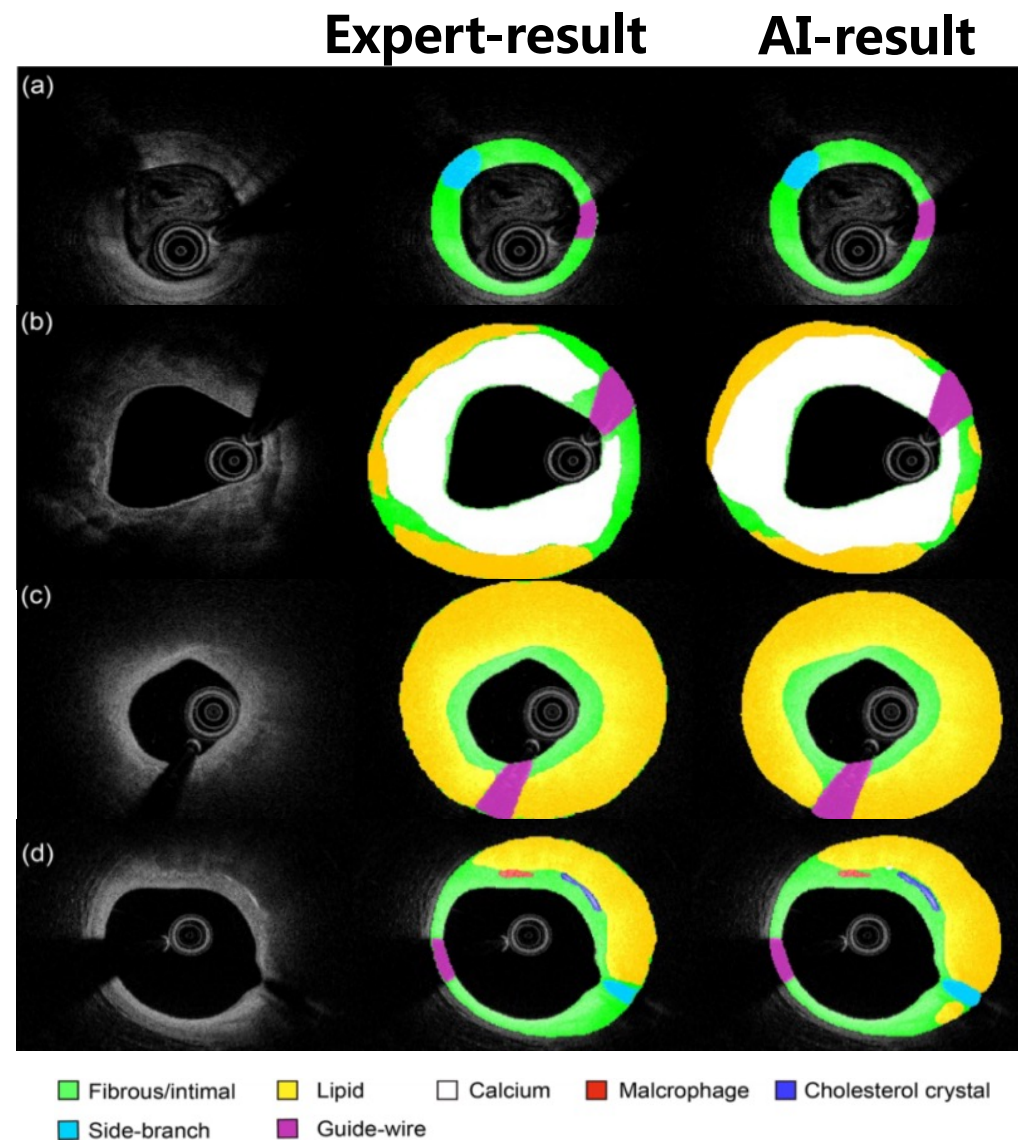
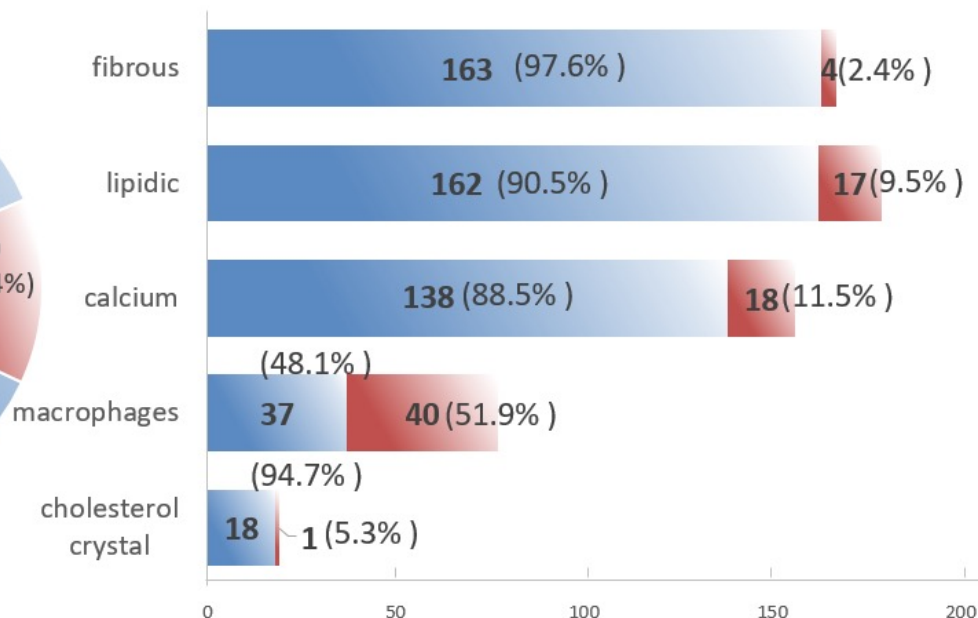
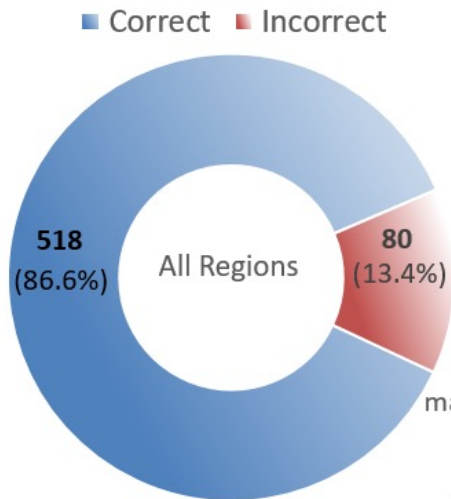
Stent area = 7 mm²
 Reference area = 10 mm²
 Stent expansion = 70%

MEI showed moderate correlation ($r=-0.49$, $p < 0.001$) with in-stent OFR drop

Combinaison OFR & caractérisation de la plaque

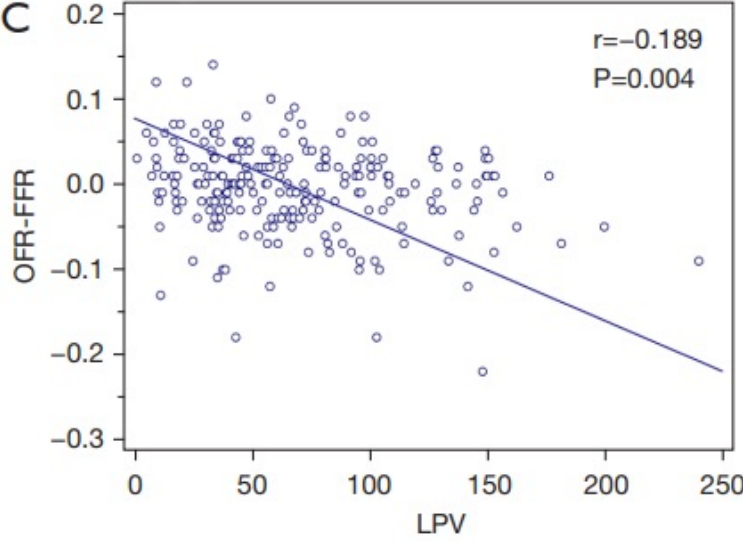
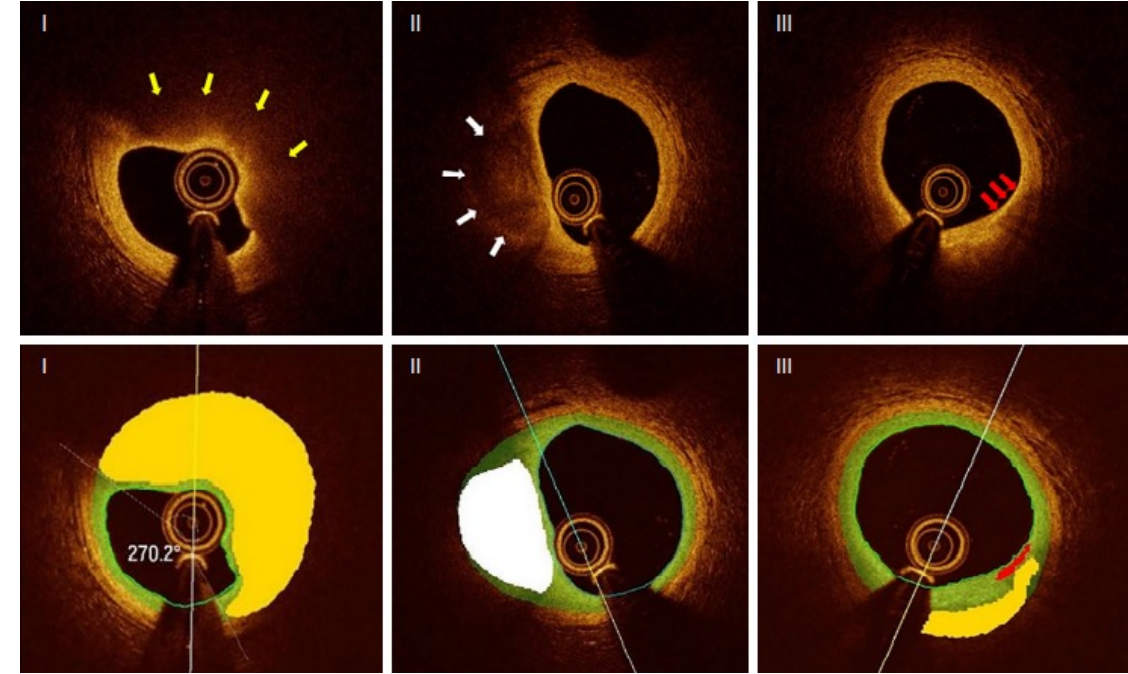


Caractérisation de la plaque par IA: Validation



Diagnostic accuracy was **92.2%** for main plaque compositions (fibrous/calcium/lipid), using consensus of three leading international OCT reading core labs as reference standard

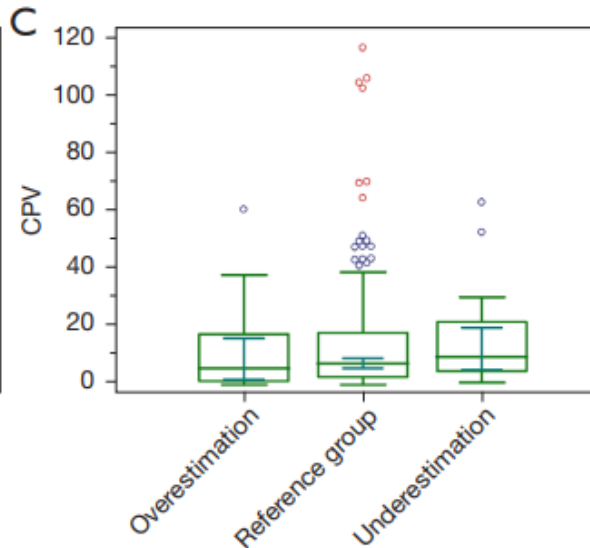
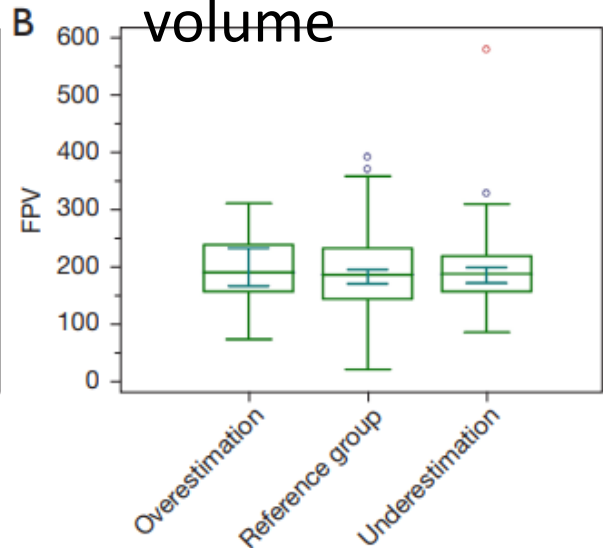
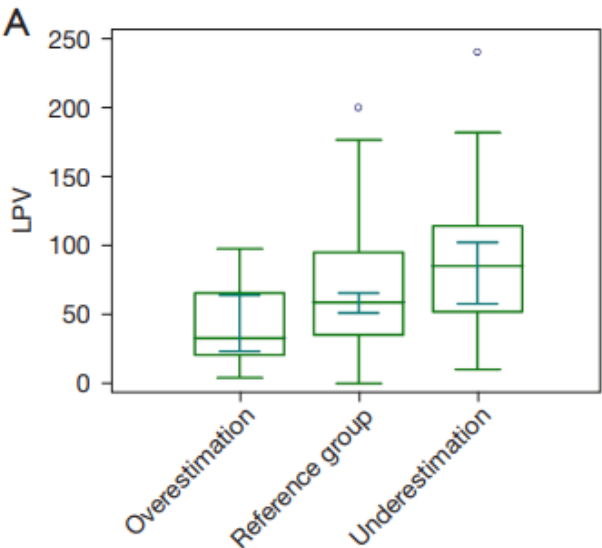
OFR & composition de la plaque



LPV: lipid plaque volume

FPV: fibrous plaque volume

CPV: calcified plaque volume

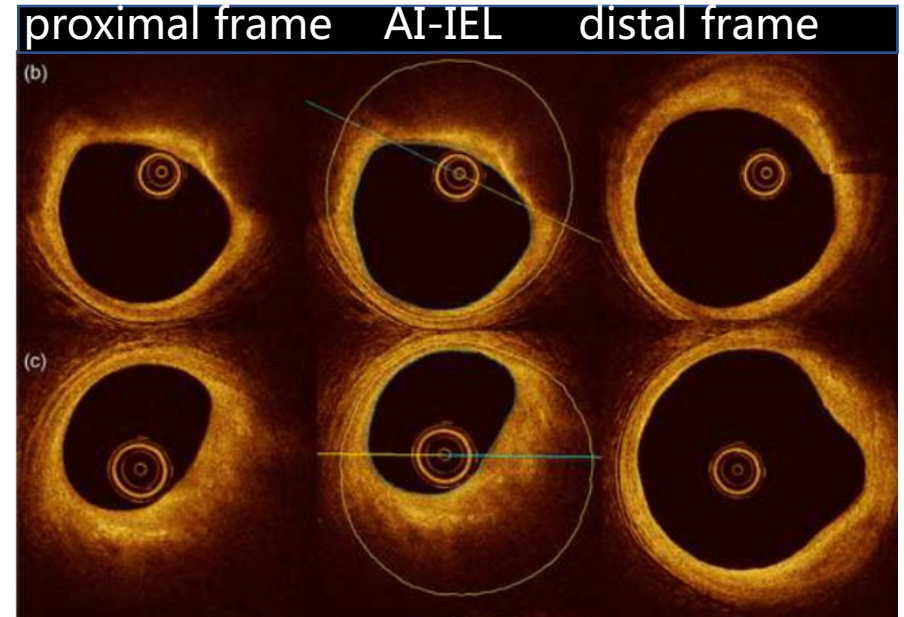
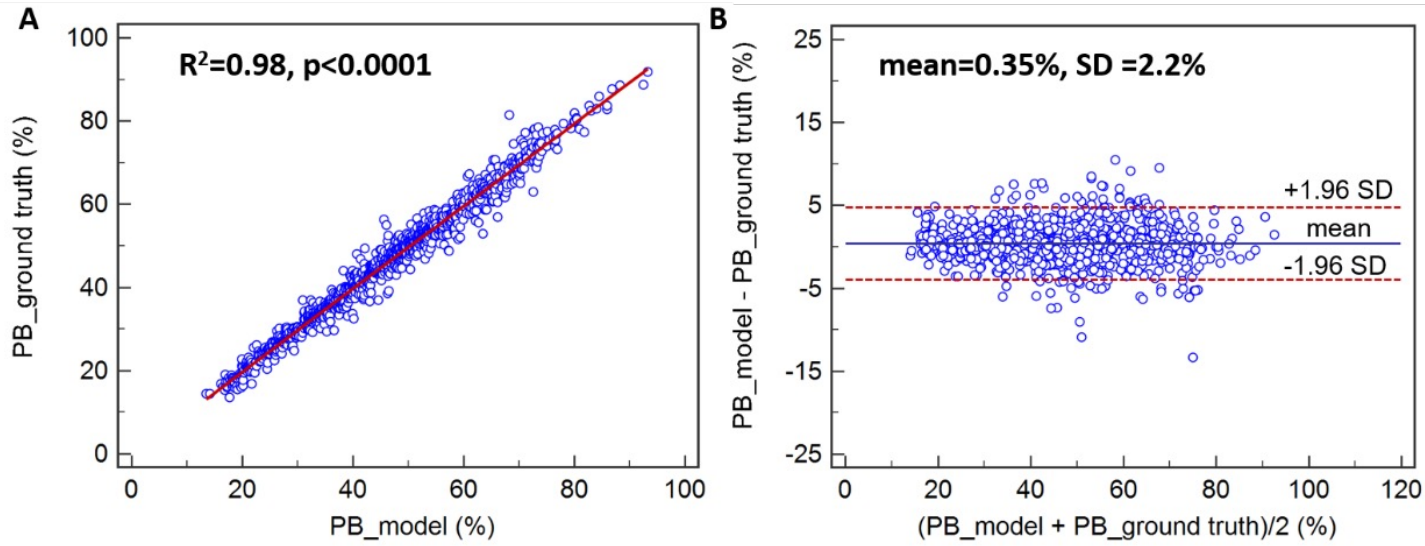


Overestimation: $OFR - FFR > 0.05$

Underestimation: $FFR - OFR > 0.05$

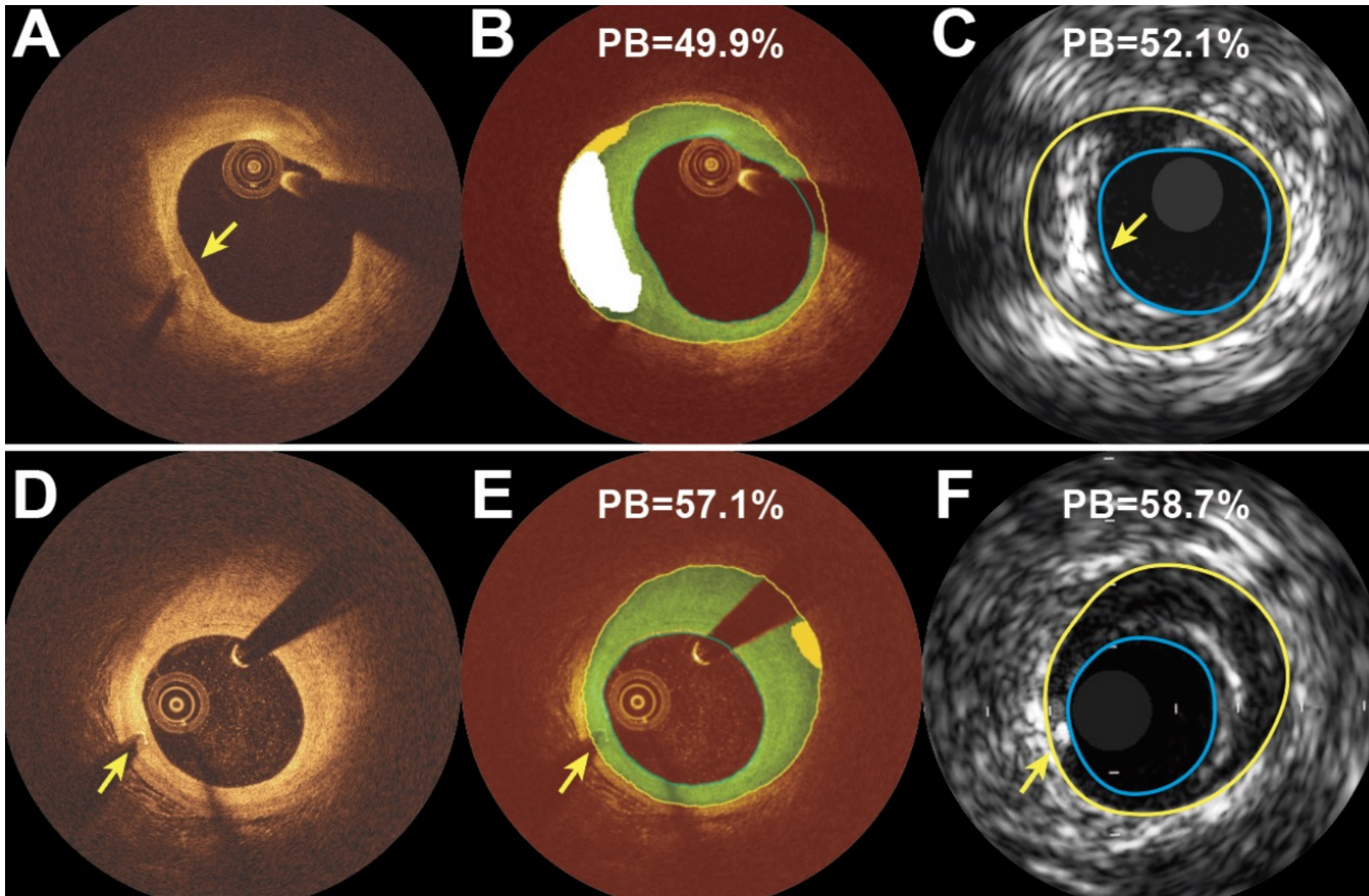
OCT-derived plaque burden par IA

validation of OCT-derived plaque burden



Excellent accuracy in automatic quantification of plaque burden by AI

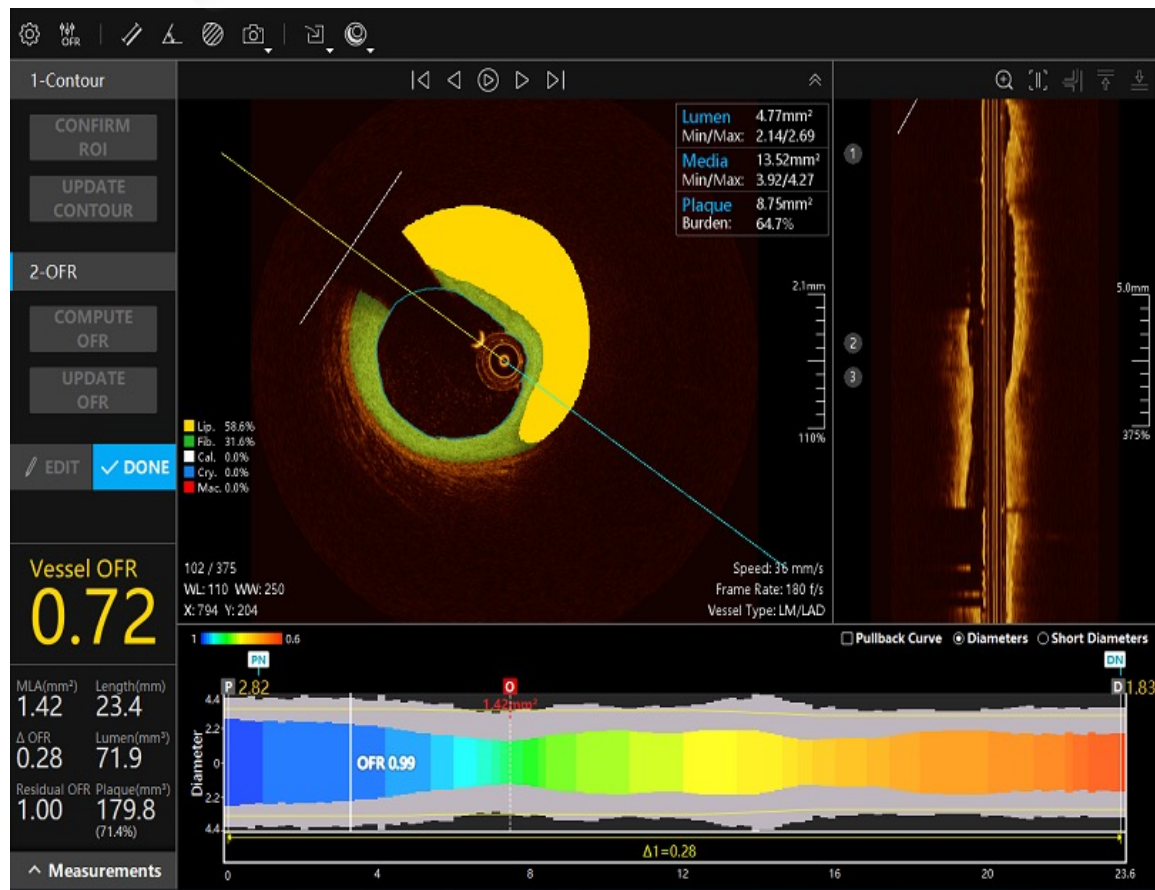
OCT-derived plaque burden by AI: compared to IVUS



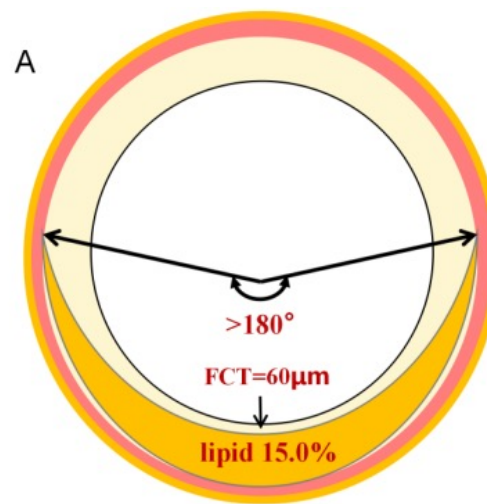
Un nouvel index de vulnérabilité de la plaque: LCR

TCFA= thin-capped fibroatheroma
(thinnest fibrous cap <65µm & lipid arc >180°)

LCR = lipid-to-cap ratio

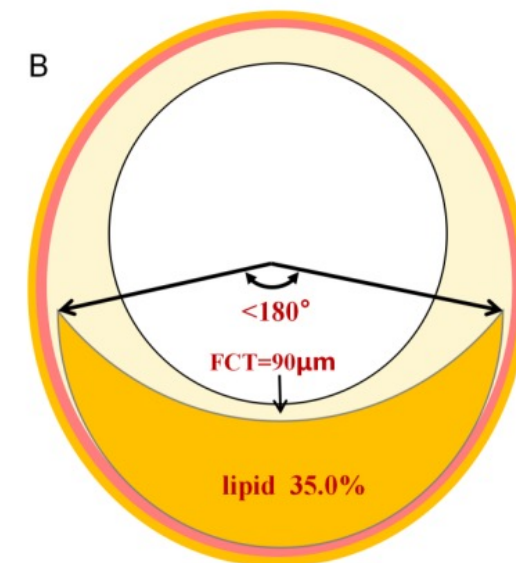


OctPlus (Pulse Medical, Shanghai, China)



TCFA(+)

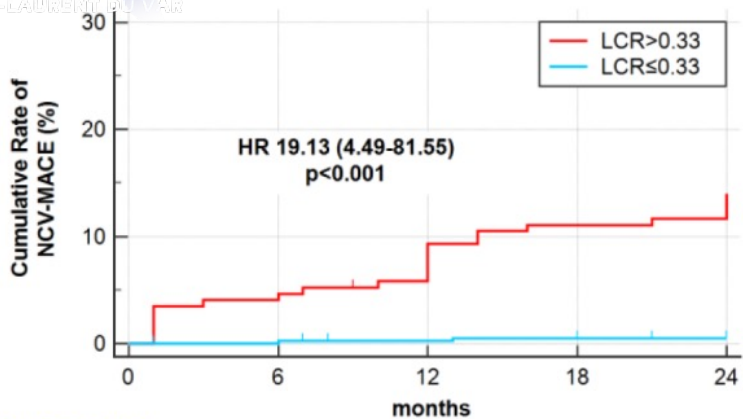
$$\text{LCR} = \frac{15\%}{60\mu\text{m}} * 100 = 0.25$$



TCFA(-)

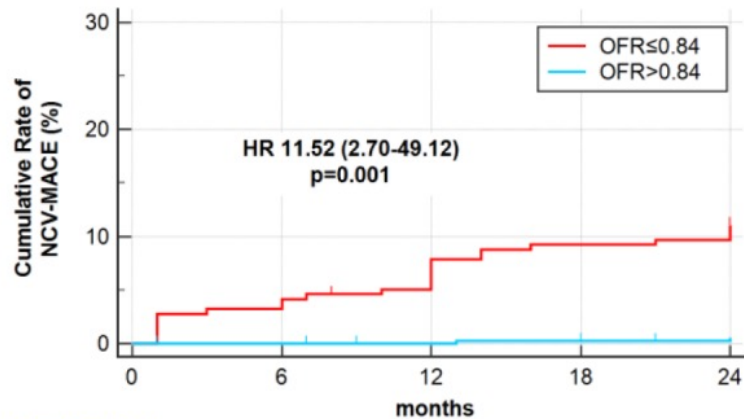
$$\text{LCR} = \frac{35\%}{90\mu\text{m}} * 100 = 0.389$$

OFR & LCR predicts evenements de la lesion non coupable



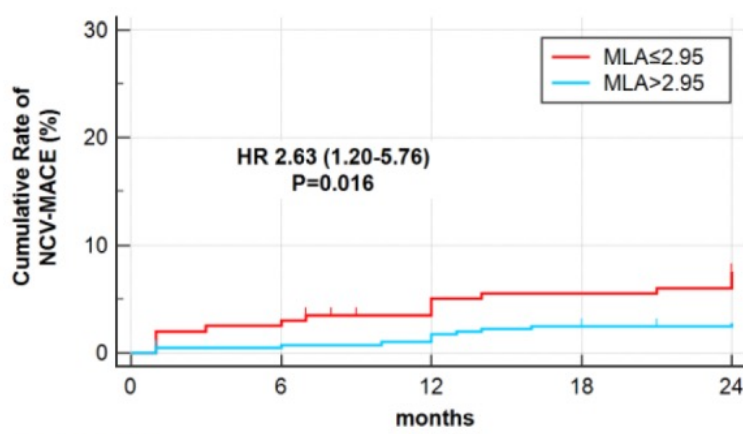
Number at risk

Group: LCR>0.33	172	164	155	152	147
Group: LCR≤0.33	432	429	427	425	422



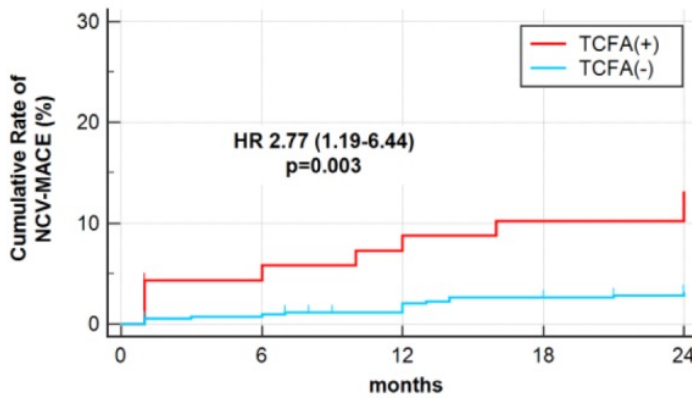
Number at risk

Group: OFR≤0.84	217	208	199	196	191
Group: OFR>0.84	387	385	383	381	378



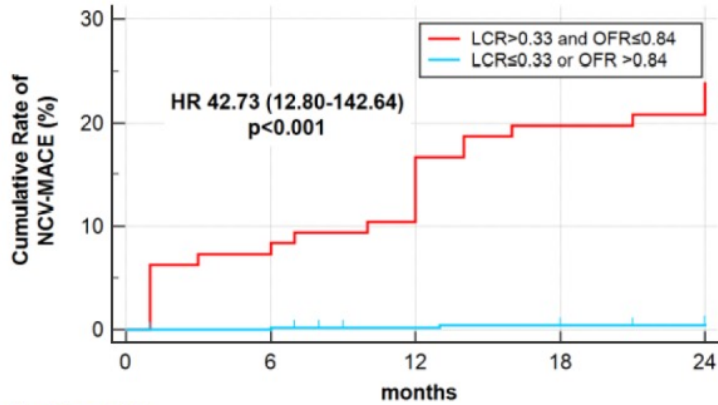
Number at risk

Group: MLA≤2.95	200	194	187	186	181
Group: MLA>2.95	404	399	395	391	388



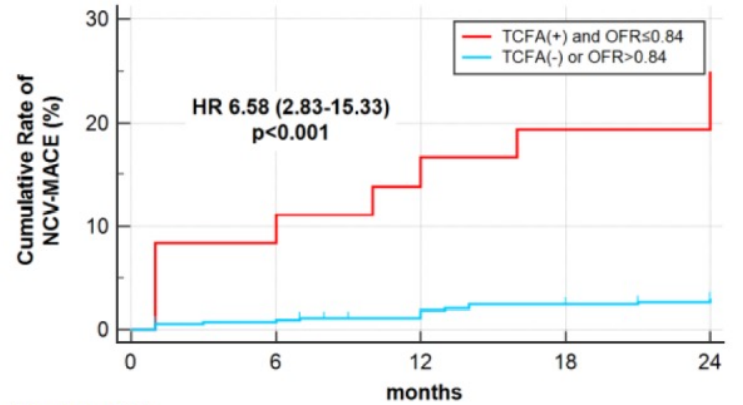
Number at risk

Group: TCFA(+)	69	64	62	61	59
Group: TCFA(-)	535	529	520	516	510



Number at risk

Group: LCR>0.33 and OFR≤0.84	96	88	80	77	73
Group: LCR≤0.33 or OFR >0.84	508	505	502	500	496



Number at risk

Group: TCFA(+ and OFR≤0.84	36	32	30	29	27
Group: TCFA(-) or OFR>0.84	568	561	552	548	542

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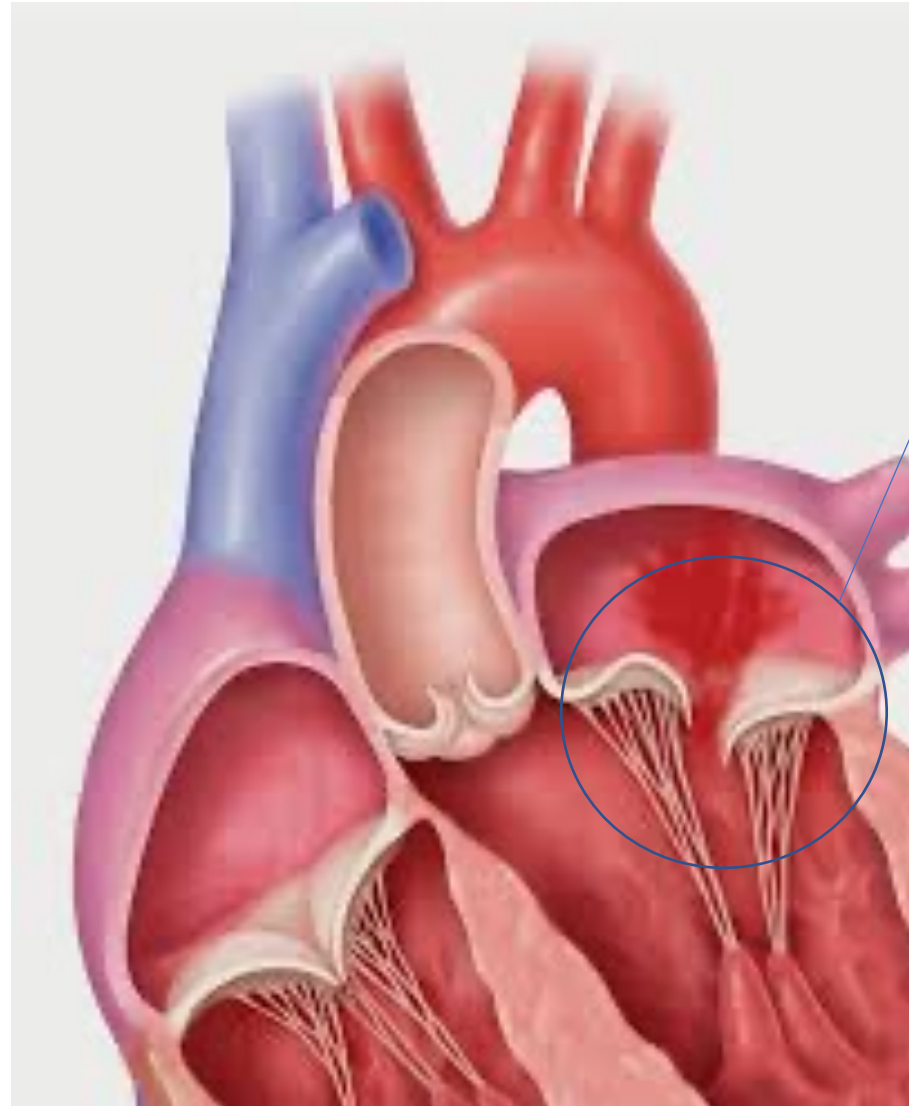
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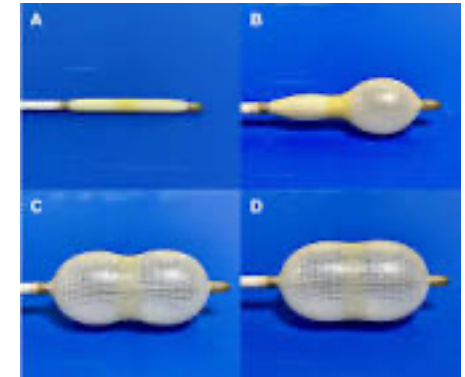
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Cardiopathie structurelle



RM: INOUE



Cardiopathie structurelle



IM:
remplacement versus plastie

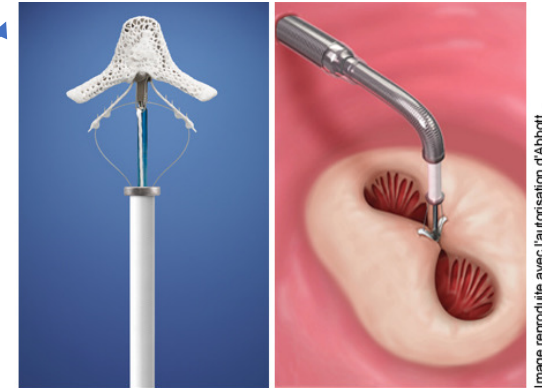
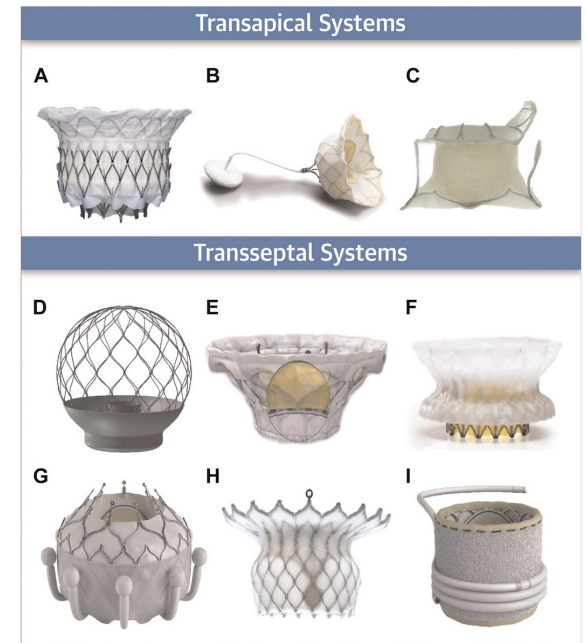


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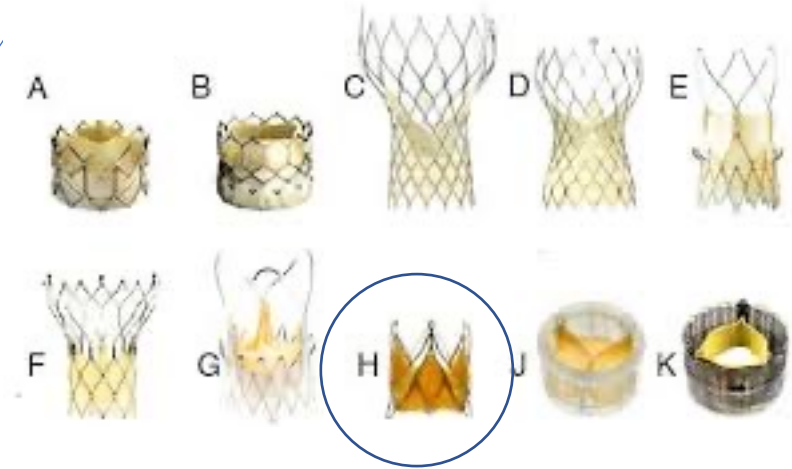
CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: Transcatheter Mitral Valve Replacement Systems With Available Clinical Data



Cardiopathie structurelle

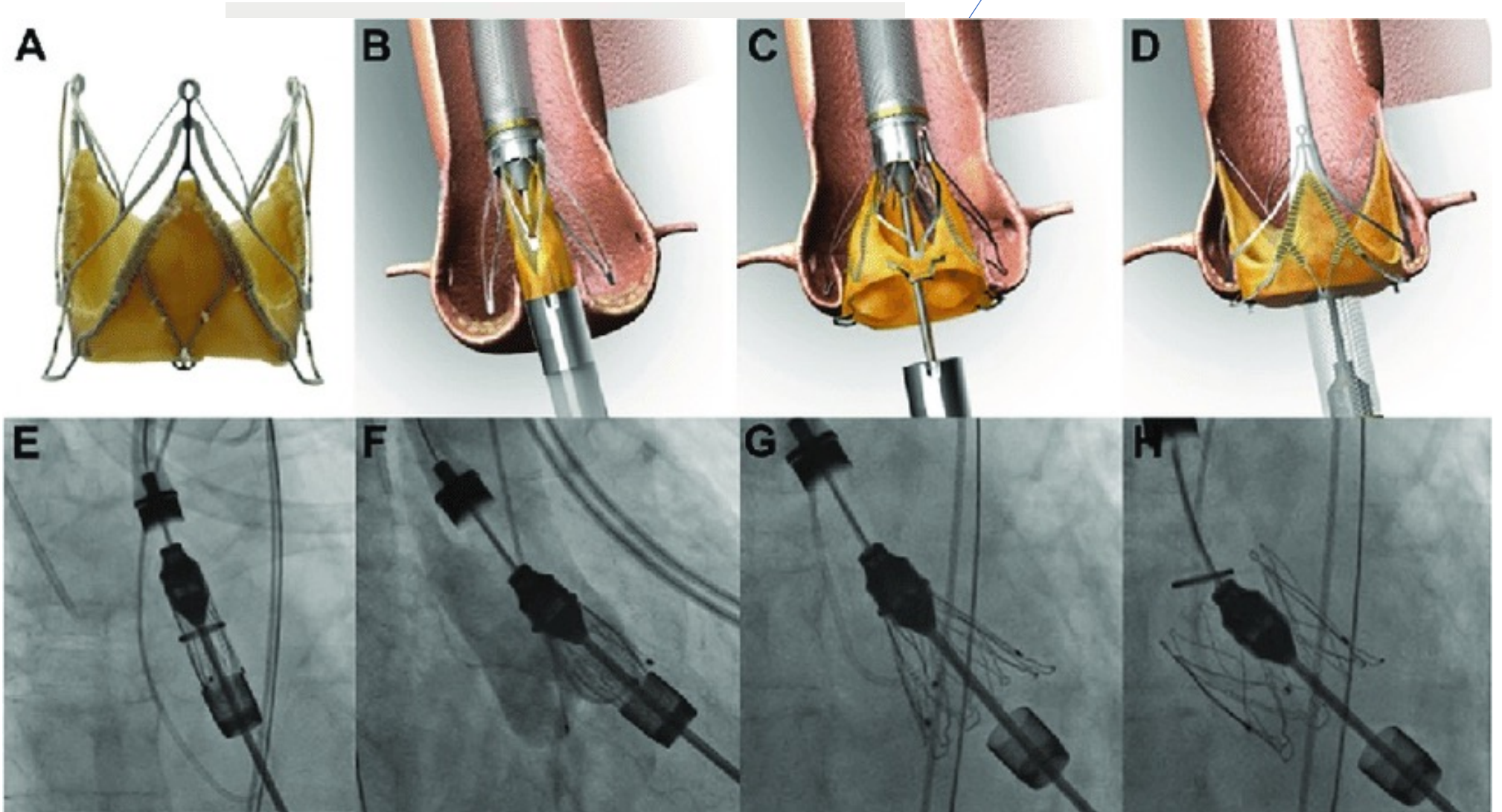


RAo:
remplacement versus plastie



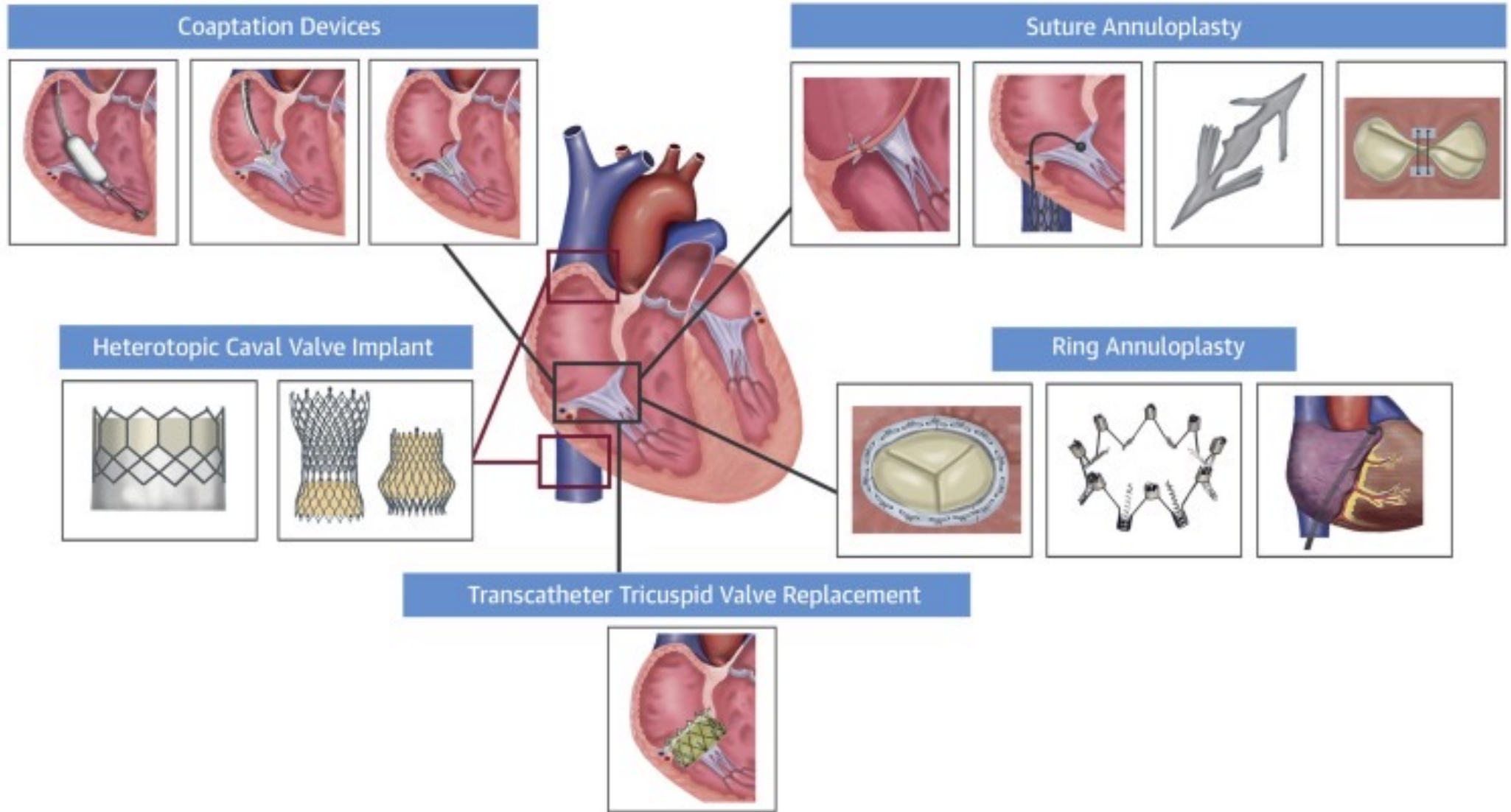
Cardiopathie structurelle

IAo:
remplacement versus plastie



IT: plastie ou

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: Transcatheter Tricuspid Landscape

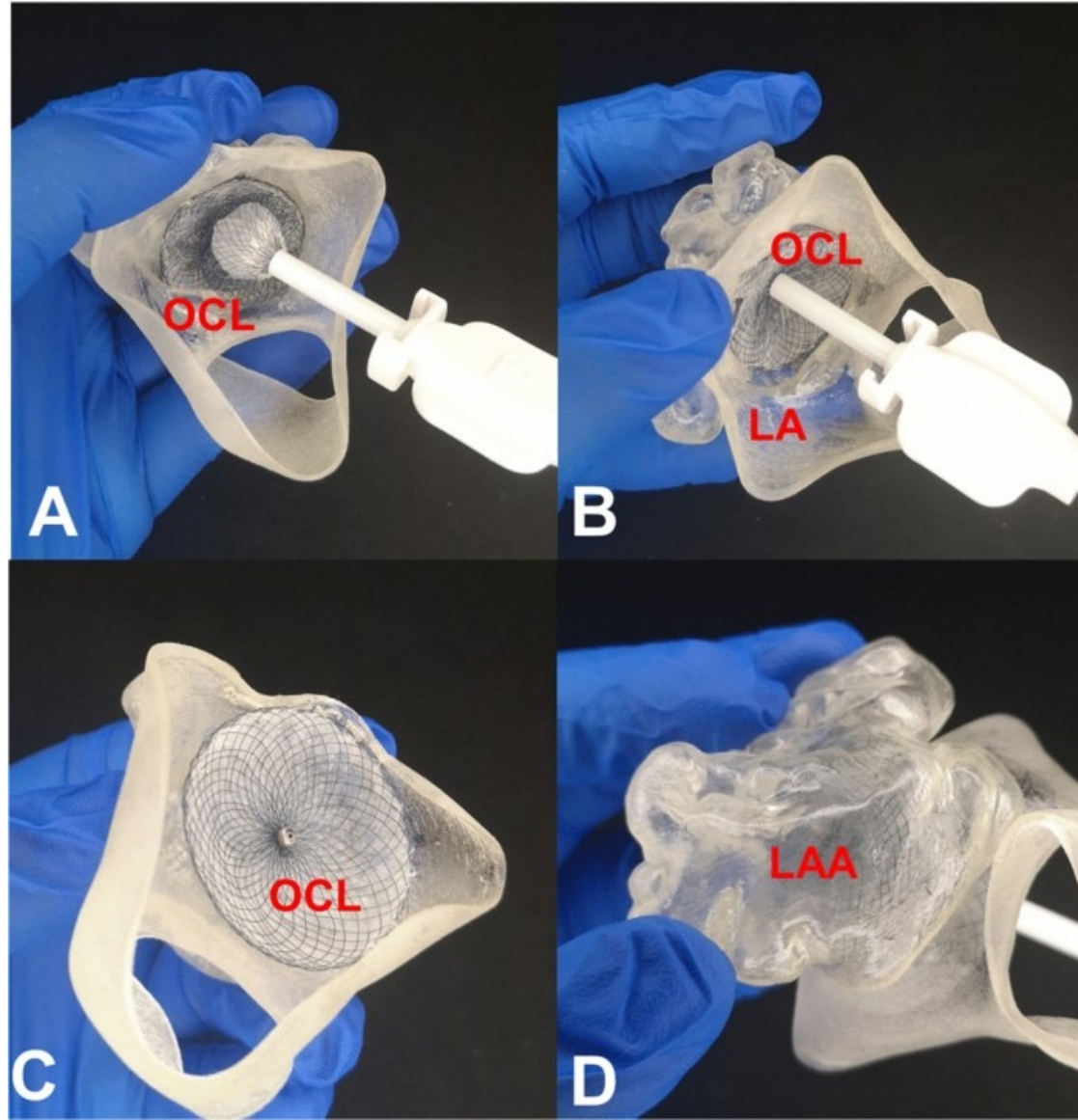


Cardiopathie structurelle: Place de l'imagerie

+++



Cardiopathie structurelle: du sur mesure



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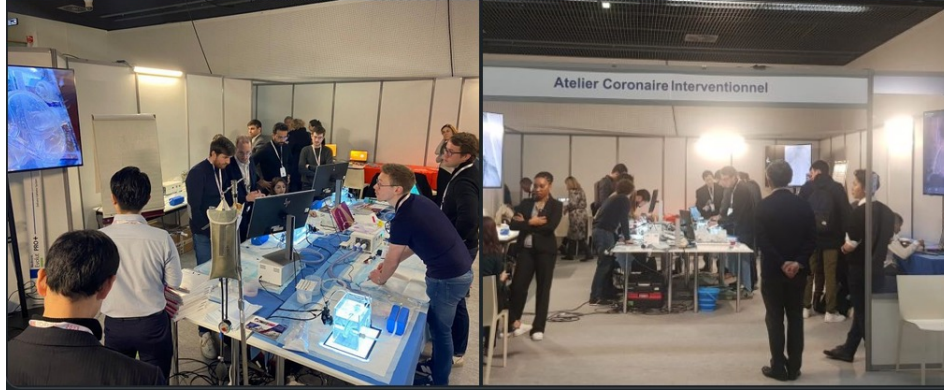
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Ateliers de simulation

JESFC 2023



GRCI 2022



ACTIF



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Heart team: RCP

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- Decision solitaire

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Conclusion



- Image ou physiologie
- Peu d'alternative thérapeutiques
- Training par compagnonnage
- Decision solitaire

- Morpho-physiologie guidée par l'IA
- « trop » d'alternative thérapeutiques → surinformation et sens critique +++
- Jamais une première fois sur un patient (possibilité de simuler les complications etc...)
- Discussion en heart team et décision solidaire